# THE NEW YORK HERALD.

WHOLE NO. 10,127. NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 8, 1864.—WITH SUPPLEMENT. PRICE THREE CENTS.

# GRANT!

## News Down to Nine o'Clock Tuesday Morning.

## The Special Herald Despatches from the Field.

## THE FIGHTING ON SUNDAY.

## Attack on Our Lines by the Rebels.

## OUR SUCCESS.

## Midnight Assault on Burnside's Corps on Monday.

## ANOTHER REPULSE OF THE ENEMY.

## Communications Between Generals Lee and Grant,

&c., &c., &c.

### Secretary Stanton to Major General Dix.

War Department, Washington, June 7—15:35 P. M.

To Major General Dix, New York—

Despatches from headquarters, Army of the Potomac, dated nine o'clock this morning, have been received.

An assault was made on Burnside about midnight, and successfully repulsed.

In the preceding afternoon a hundred picked men of the enemy made a rush to find out what was the meaning of Hancock's advancing siege lines. Nine of the party were captured and the rest killed or driven back.

Several letters have passed between General Grant and General Lee, in respect to collecting the dead and wounded between the two armies. General Grant, in the closing letter, regrets that all his efforts "for alleviating the sufferings of wounded men left on the battle field have been rendered nugatory."

Two rebel officers and six men, sent out to search for the wounded of their commands, were captured in consequence of the enemy not delivering General Lee's letter until after the hour he had named had expired. General Grant has notified General Lee that they were captured through a misunderstanding, and will not be held as prisoners, but will be returned.

No other military intelligence has been received.

EDWIN M. STANTON, Secretary of War.

## THE FIGHTING ON THURSDAY.

### Mr. James C. Fitzpatrick's Despatch.

Ninth Army Corps, June 6—A. M.

In my former despatches I omitted to state that the enemy made a demonstration upon the right on Thursday night, which was gallantly repulsed by one division of the Fifth corps and one of the Ninth corps.

THE OPENING OF THE ATTACK.

The attack was a surprise. Our corps was swinging away from the position it had occupied in the morning, and wagons and artillery had just passed the point where the rebels dashed in. A heavy rain storm succeeded, and the storm had hardly ceased falling when the steady rattle of musketry close behind us gave warning that we were attacked. The divisions of Generals Potter and Willcox had reached their new position; but the division of General Crittenden, bringing up the rear, was still on the march when attacked by the rebels. The brigade of Colonel Sudsburg (Third Maryland) was the first to receive the enemy's fire.

THE ENEMY REPULSED.

The rebels endeavored first to draw attention to our right flank, where a portion of their force had worked their way by a most circuitous route. Several volleys from this direction created no little uneasiness, as for a time it seemed as if our division was hemmed in. However, the real point of attack soon manifested itself in a

CHARGE UPON THE LEFT,

where our corps was in connection with General Warren. Our line, however, was considerably in advance, or rather behind, as the movement was one which changed front to rear. The two lines of breastworks belonging to the two corps respectively were parallel, and at the termination on our right and the beginning on the right of the Fifth corps were unconnected. This weak spot the rebels seemed to have discovered; for against it they now directed their whole energies, and, by an overwhelming charge, caused our men to fall back across the open fields to the woods beyond, where the rest of the division was in line of battle. A new line was now formed, our left directly joining the Fifth corps, thence curving around to the right of the breastworks, and thence bending back in a curve to the northward. In this position the division obstinately and successfully contested the further advance of the enemy, and held the ground throughout the night. We lost a number of prisoners, principally from the rear guard, who were cut off from the main body. Our loss in the day's fighting was about two hundred and fifty.

THE REBEL FORCE.

From the reports of prisoners we learn that the attacking force was the corps of General Ewell, and hence we are enabled to comprehend the celerity with which the enemy suddenly threw themselves upon our right and rear. Ewell's corps is the old corps of Stonewall Jackson, whose troops, for their rapidity in marching, received the name of "foot cavalry."

## THE CONTEST ON SUNDAY.

### Mr. S. Cadwallader's Despatch.

Coal Harbor, June 6—6 A. M.

REVIEW OF THE WEEK'S OPERATIONS.

Another week has closed upon the Army of the Potomac—a week of unparalleled excitement, labor and hard fighting. Victory has perched on our banners in every instance, and the discomfited legions of General Lee have been driven slowly and steadily from their strong positions on the North Anna and Pamunkey beyond Hanover Junction and the Tolopatomoy creek to their line of intrenchments in front of Richmond on the Chickahominy. Much hard work and hard fighting was necessary to secure this glorious result; but the labor has been performed without a murmur. The fighting has gone on from day to day with the energy and spirit that alone inspire freemen; and a cordon of lines and military works is gradually tightening around the beleaguered city that will eventually compel its evacuation or surrender. From the moment that Gen. Lee abandoned all expectation of compelling the retreat of this army from the Wilderness to Washington, until the present, our advances have been a series of triumphal marches and his a succession of humiliating retreats. Unlike all former commanders of the Army of the Potomac, Generals Grant and Meade have manifested no nervous concern for the safety of their line of communication with Washington, but have boldly cut loose from everything that impeded the celerity of their movements, and confined themselves to the double object of defeating the army of Gen. Lee in battle and of closing in on the rebel capital—the grand objective point of the campaign. They have succeeded in both to the full extent of their expectations. Whenever the rebel general has risked a column of troops in open battle it has been fairly and signally defeated, and whenever he has attempted a strategic movement, it has either been thwarted in its very inception or made to subserve our own designs. On the contrary, whenever the rebel army was found so intrenched that an assault was dangerous or uncertain, the disposition and movements of our troops have been marked and masterly, and the enemy entirely deceived until powerless to interfere with successful accomplishment.

THE GENERALSHIP DISPLAYED ON BOTH SIDES.

Yet it cannot be denied that our great success has been mainly due to superior generalship. We have won no victories that could in any sense be considered decisive. Whenever the rebels have hazarded an engagement they have been terribly cut up and driven from the field of battle; but their wary commander has never allowed his army to be entrapped into a position where all would depend on a single battle. Ever since the second day's contest in the Wilderness he has tacitly acknowledged the fighting superiority of this army, and avoided battle on equal terms. His stands have since been made behind intrenchments, and when these were turned he retreated to others. His plan has evidently been to oppose and delay the advance of this army as often and as long as possible.

THE ARMY OF THE POTOMAC.

The movements of the Army of the Potomac have been rapid and brilliant throughout this campaign; but the time approaches when these must assume another phase. Within a month it has traversed many miles of difficult roads, forced the abandonment of many strong military positions, and won several hard fought battles. It was alert, active and constantly in motion; but the character of its operations will henceforward be materially changed.

THE ENEMY

has been driven into his outer line of intrenchments defending Richmond. The city is between six and eight miles distant from our nearest points of occupation, in the vicinity of Coal Harbor and Gaines' Mill. Every rod of intervening ground is probably being put in the best possible condition of defence. The rebels are reinforced by every available man, and may number as high as eighty-five thousand troops. To destroy such well constructed works, defended by a powerful foe, will consume more time than the public at large may expect, and is by far the most gigantic undertaking of the war. To this all the energies of the commanders are now bent.

THE RICHMOND AND YORK RIVER RAILROAD

is being rebuilt by the government, under the supervision of Mr. Henry, the original contractor for most of the bridges on the line, including the present one over the Chickahominy. Over three miles of iron was towed to the White House on barges, to be used in its reconstruction, and on Saturday a force of eight hundred men commenced putting down the track. A few days will suffice to extend it to Savage station, from which place the army can be easily supplied by wagons.

ARRIVAL OF GENERAL BARNARD.

The arrival and location at General Grant's headquarters of General Barnard, one of the finest engineers of the United States army, is looked upon as another evidence that a speedy entry into Richmond need not be anticipated. The rebels have the temporary destiny of Richmond in their own hands; but if discord creeps in among their commanders, or popular discontent be sufficiently powerful to enforce its demands, its resistance may be computed by days instead of weeks or months. We shall see.

THE FORMATION OF OUR LINE

has also been somewhat changed since the date of my last despatch. It is now running nearly parallel to the Chickahominy in its main direction, but is exceedingly irregular and zigzag throughout its entire length. The right is formed by Burnside's corps, the right centre by Smith's corps, the left centre by Wright's corps, and the left by Hancock's. Warren's corps was moved last night from its old position on the right of the line to a new one in rear of the centre, as a reserve. The line is compact and mobile.

THE FIGHT OF SUNDAY NIGHT.

The moving of this corps in the night put the rebels on the alert, and led to the most furious fusillading and cannonading ever heard along three-fourths of the line. It began on the left, where Hancock was changing some brigades, which may have been mistaken for an advance and night assault on our part. From eight till nine o'clock the firing was terrific beyond description, and led every one to suppose the rebels had concentrated for a night assault on Hancock. As it gradually subsided, without any apparent change of position, its character was suspected. Despatches from the different corps commanders soon put all minds to rest. The loss was quite trifling in killed and wounded, and no attempt was made by either party to drive the other from his position. The whole affair began in misapprehension, and was taken up and continued along the line for an hour in the darkness of night.

## OPERATIONS OF THE SECOND CORPS.

### Mr. Francis C. Long's Despatch.

Second Corps, Army of the Potomac,
In the Field, Near Coal Harbor, Va.,
June 5—Evening.

SUNDAY ON THE BATTLE FIELD.

Another day has past and no important changes have taken place. Everything along our front remains the same as when my last despatch was forwarded. Divine service was held in several of our field hospitals to-day, and was well attended by those of our sick and wounded who were able to move about. It was something strange and unusual to hear the sound of prayers and hymns of praise ascending heavenward, while the rattle of distant musketry could be distinctly heard. A band of the Sixth corps hospital, which is a little distance in the rear of army headquarters, played "Old Hundred" during the service, with very pleasing effect. How deliciously sweet its well known strains came floating on the morning air! What a myriad of hallowed recollections are awakened in our bosoms, after the discordant din and clamor of battle is over, by hearing a band play some dear old melody that we loved in childhood! A feeling of joy or sadness steals almost imperceptibly over us, and we listen to the sweetly swelling harmony, soothed and entranced, like one who listens to the symphonic sounding of fairy lutes in his dreams. Many an anxious thought and bitter pang is soothed and softened by the charms of music in the army.

A FLAG OF TRUCE.

A considerable number of our killed and wounded have been lying outside of our lines since our assault upon the rebel intrenchments on the 3d instant, and many of them are still alive, but unable to crawl away, and we have not been able to remove them. A flag of truce was sent out at about four o'clock this afternoon. Colonel Lyman and Major W. D. Mitchell, aid to General Hancock, accompanied the flag. The men are lying where the assault was made, a short distance below us, on the Mechanicsville road. Whether the mission of the flag bearers was successful or not has not yet been ascertained.

THE BODY OF COLONEL H. B. McKEEN,

commanding the Third brigade, Second division, of this corps, which yesterday was lying beyond our reach, between the contending lines, was brought off last evening, and is now in the hands of embalmers, preparatory to being sent to his friends.

COAL HARBOR.

It may be well to mention, for the benefit of the public, that Coal Harbor is neither a harbor nor a village, but an antiquated rustic hamlet, comprising two or three houses, with barns, outhouses, &c. There certainly is a very singular taste displayed by the F. F. V.'s in selecting names for their towns and churches. They frequently bestow a name on a town or building without the slightest reference to its character or location. They have a "White Oak Church" standing in a grove of locust trees, with scarcely an oak growing within a mile of it. Then they have a "Chestnut Hill" standing in a hollow, without a vestige of a chestnut tree near it. Bell Plain is threefold more rough and uneven than the Blue Ridge, and James City has not houses enough to be called a village. In fact, it frequently happens that there is so much incongruity between a place and its cognomen that one of us "wise mudsills" is sadly puzzled to tell where he is or which way he is going.

THE REBEL SHARPSHOOTERS.

I have heard several old officers remark that we have never been so much annoyed by the sharpshooters of the enemy as we have been to-day, and although they were nearly a mile distant many of their shots took effect, and a number of our men have been shot dead in their tracks. They devoted considerable attention to one of our batteries lying some distance in the rear of our breastworks in a hollow, almost screened from view. The rebel riflemen would shoot over our advanced line of skirmishers and our real line of battle, sending their bullets at every artilleryman they saw with almost unerring aim.

EXTENDING OUR LINE IN ASSAULT.

Gen. Barlow's division being on the left flank of our line, and in imminent danger of a heavy assault from the enemy at any moment, Gen. Birney's division was stationed in its rear as a reserve. Deeming it advisable to extend our line farther to the left towards Mechanicsville, Birney took his position on the left just at nightfall. The enemy must have been cognizant of the movement, for he soon after advanced upon us in force, making a furious onslaught on Gen. Gibbon's division and the right of Barlow's. Whether this charge of the enemy was made to break our left, or as a reconnoissance in force, I cannot say, but whatever his intentions were, he was most certainly frustrated. The affair did not last over twenty minutes, but it was furious while it lasted; and the peripatetic shells of the enemy burst in decidedly uncomfortable proximity to the headquarters of Generals Grant and Meade. The enemy could not direct the fire of his batteries upon our left, his own men being in the way; but the most of his shells were directed towards our right, with what result the Herald correspondents at that part of the line will ascertain. Finding our line stood firm, the enemy suddenly retired, having accomplished nothing, but on the contrary being severely repulsed. It is reasonable to suppose that Lee fears another movement beyond his left flank, and he made this essay upon our line to see if Grant was still before him in force. For the past three days General Barlow's headquarters have been shifted frequently, and it is a feat somewhat difficult to accomplish to pay him a visit.

## OPERATIONS OF THE FIFTH CORPS.

### Mr. L. A. Hendrick's Despatches.

Headquarters, Fifth Army Corps,
Bethesda Church, June 6—6 P. M.

THE CALM AFTER THE STORM.

It has been our recent good fortune to enjoy tolerably quiet Sundays. To-day has been one of the quietest. With the exception of a little outburst of artillery about noon in front of the Second corps, there has been no cannonading and only occasional musketry.

THE REBEL INTRENCHMENTS STILL HELD.

We are still in possession of the intrenchments vacated by the enemy, described in my last despatch, and this constitutes our present front.

THE CASE OF COLONEL PYE.

Colonel Pye, wounded two days since, has been removed from the private house, where he was taken, to the hospital. The ball has been extracted and he is in a fair way to recover. A number of our recently wounded were sent to-day to the White House.

Some complaint is made at the location of our hospitals so far in the rear, being not less than six Virginia miles distant. Colonel Pye said, I understand, that he had no apprehension on account of his wound, but he feared he would die of old age before reaching the hospital.

REBEL GENERALS KILLED.

Prisoners captured to-day say that in the rebel attack of day before yesterday Generals Keitt and Doles were killed; the former in front of the Sixth corps and the latter in front of the Fifth corps. They state further that the enemy's losses have been very severe since our army crossed the Pamunkey.

THE FLAG OF TRUCE, AND ITS OBJECT.

I just learn that Colonel Lyman, of General Meade's staff, is on his way to the enemy's lines with a flag of truce. The object of thus communicating or attempting to communicate with the enemy is of course unknown. With this I send a full list of Fifth corps casualties.

Bethesda Church, June 6—10 P. M.

THE ATTACK ON THE SECOND CORPS.

I thought the day would end as it began, in comparative quiet; but it was not so fated. At half-past eight o'clock an attack was made on the Second corps and a portion of the Sixth corps. It was one of the most terrific night attacks of the war. The rattle of musketry was incessant for half an hour. Some artillery was used, and a large number of the rebel shells burst over the Fifth corps line, although doing but little damage.

THE REBELS REPULSED.

The news reaching us proclaim a victorious repulse of the enemy at every point. Our corps expected it might come in for a share of the attack, but in this was disappointed. The enemy must have lost heavily, advancing as he did from behind earthworks. Our loss is computed as small, our men fighting behind intrenchments. The onslaught was, however, a desperate and determined one, and there can be no doubt that the enemy calculated on success. A few more such attacks and repulses—and the enemy has been repulsed every time he has attacked—must end this mode of desperate warfare on the part of the enemy.

THE SCENE OF THE BATTLE.

I write of this attack, although the Fifth corps was not a participant, because of the grand terror and sublimity of the scene and occasion. The flashing of the cannon against the evening sky was terribly and magnificently beautiful—an aurora borealis of transcendent brilliancy. Words cannot describe it, no painted canvass portray the living reality of that flashing of musketry and artillery. It is a scene that will live in memory, and in memory only—a phase of war grand, terrible, indescribable. Alas! to many it was an illumination of death.

ARRIVAL OF THE SUPPLY TRAIN—ATTACKED EN ROUTE.

Capt. Geo. H. Weir, Commissary Third brigade, First division, arrived to-night from the White House, in charge of a supply train. A gang of guerillas attacked the train, killed one man and captured twenty horses and a prisoner. Although a cavalry guard was in the rear of the train, Capt. Weir, with half a dozen armed men, without waiting for the cavalry, started in pursuit of the gang, killed two of them, recaptured the prisoner and six of the horses. The Captain cannot be too highly complimented for his pluck and the success crowning it.

ARRIVAL OF REINFORCEMENTS.

A large number of reinforcements arrived this evening. Many have been assigned to this corps. The reinforcements the army has received, I am told, outnumber our losses, and more are coming. Such continuous additions to our army, the spirit with which our men fight, and the obstinate energy of General Grant and General Meade in pushing on the campaign, cannot keep us long out of Richmond.

## OPERATIONS OF THE EIGHTEENTH CORPS.

### Mr. John A. Brady's Despatch.

Headquarters, Eighteenth Army Corps,
In the Field, June 6, 1864.

THE SHARPSHOOTERS AT WORK.

Sunday has not been by any means observed along the front to-day. On the contrary, the sharpshooters and skirmishers have been constantly engaged in popping away at each other throughout the whole day. This state of things has continued now throughout Saturday and to-day, and, although an action has been momentarily expected, yet, owing to some cause best known to the Commanding General, nothing further has followed the conflict of Friday, except the almost useless and certainly unjustifiable exchange of compliments between the advance posts. It is probable, however, that General Grant has a plan in view that will somewhat astound the enemy.

STAFF OFFICERS

while in the performance of their duties are frequently the especial objects of attention on the part of the enemy's sharpshooters. Lieutenant Cole, of General Smith's staff, had a horse shot under him, and Captain Reed, Adjutant General of Brooks' division, was shot in the leg.

GENERAL SMITH'S HEADQUARTERS

are beautifully situated, within fifty yards of the skirmishing line, and an erect position here is rendered very unsafe, owing to the passing Minie balls and grapeshot of the enemy. Some of the staff propose sending an advertisement for a California tree, thirty feet in diameter, to get behind. As no such trees, however, are to be found in this section of the confederacy, and as an advertisement will not procure the article required at an early period of the campaign, it is very probable that some of the rebel missiles, instead of passing through the headquarters, will be stopped on their way, to the great detriment of the stoppers.

INTRENCHING.

Messrs. Bell and Taylor, engineers attached to the corps, have been busy for the last two nights throwing up trenchments, to enable our batteries to operate on the rebel line without danger from the sharpshooters. The latter, while attempting a survey of the battle field, this morning was compelled to beat a rapid retreat with instruments and assistants from a shower of rebel bullets and a noisy rebel battery.

HOSPITAL ARRANGEMENTS.

The hospitals are all that can be required. Dr. Lackley, the medical director of the corps, has had years of experience in the army, and has so far not the slightest difficulty in taking charge of the large number of wounded that have been consigned to his hands. The corps field hospital is under charge of Dr. Richardson, and the admirable arrangements he has instituted there have attracted the admiration of the medical officers of the army.

A BATTERY IN DANGER.

Gibbs' Battery A, of the Fifth United States artillery, had been placed in rather a dangerous position, with a swamp in their rear. The rebels soon discovered the advantage, and made desperate efforts to capture the battery; but Captain Elder, Chief of Artillery, succeeded in frustrating their efforts, and in bringing off the guns in triumph.

### Our Army Correspondence.

Headquarters, Army of the Potomac,
June 5, 1864.

The rebels attacked the Second corps and a portion of the Sixth corps last evening, but were handsomely repulsed after a desperate struggle. They advanced to the attack several times, and each time their lines were cut to pieces in their attempt to reach our works. Their losses must have been fearful; for our men shot them down at short range, while our batteries mowed them down in masses.

Our loss was very light. A shell exploded among the members of General Hancock's staff; one of whom [illegible] ing.

The report that a train had been captured turns out to be false. The trains are guarded all the way from the White House to the front, principally by the colored troops.

Our men are busily engaged in digging towards the works of the enemy, and the attack last night was made on one of our working parties.

### The White House Despatch.

White House, Va., June 6, 1864.

The news from the front has been meagre for the last two days. Nothing but skirmishing has occurred, except the usual nightly attack for the purpose of feeling our lines and learning whether any change of position is being made.

The charge made on the Second corps Saturday night resulted in a loss to the rebels of about three hundred killed and over one thousand wounded, few of whom were carried away, owing to our command of the ground.

Last evening another attack was made, the result of which has not been ascertained.

The wounded have nearly all been brought in from the front, and this place is very much crowded. The facilities for their transportation to Washington seem to be very limited, although large numbers are taken off.

There is a great lack of physicians here. The wounds of hundreds remain undressed for hours, and many needless deaths are the result. The aid societies are busy distributing their supplies; but the demand is so great that it is impossible to supply all.

A meeting was held last evening to organize a system of relief and facilitate the shipment of supplies to this point; and delegates were appointed to go to Washington and make arrangements.

### The Washington Telegrams.

Washington, June 7, 1864.

[illegible] arrived here to-day with [illegible] thousand and ninety men, wounded in the late engagements. Half of these are very severe cases. One died on the passage up. Eighty of them are officers, among whom are the following:—Major Rufus Scott, First New York dragoons; Captain C. T. Richards, Fifty-[illegible] New York; Captain J. A. Cline, One Hundred and fifth Pennsylvania; Captain F. H. Seib, One Hundred and Sixteenth Pennsylvania, and Lieutenant B. K. Kimball, First Maine battery.

The steamers Lizzie Baker and General Hooker have also arrived, each with about four hundred wounded on board, including a number of serious cases.

When these vessels left the White House there were about eight thousand wounded there, including a number of rebels. Several transports were waiting to take them on board.

Our forces were engaged at the White House in throwing up earthworks to guard against any attempt of the rebels to interfere with our base of supplies.

Rebel prisoners are brought away from the White House daily, and large numbers continue to arrive from the front, and there were some four hundred there when the boats left. Among them were a number of officers.

The railroad from the White House towards the front was in complete running order for a distance of [illegible] miles, and trains ran hourly without interruption.

The steamer Ashland has been taking on board convalescents from the hospitals in Washington, and will leave this evening for New York, where they will be placed in hospital again.

The bodies of Colonel S. Kellogg, Second Connecticut heavy artillery, Captain Samuel McKee, First United States cavalry, and Captain J. F. McFullough, One Hundred and Fortieth Pennsylvania, were brought up from the White House by the steamer Iolas, which arrived here last night. These officers were all killed in the recent battles before Richmond, and their bodies were forwarded North to their friends.

The remains of Colonel Orlando H. Morris, of the Sixty-sixth New York regiment, shot through the heart in the battle at Coal Harbor, were embalmed here to-day by Brown & Alexander, and have been forwarded to New York by this evening's train.

The wounded from the recent battles are arriving almost hourly. To make room for their accommodation such of the sick and wounded already here as are able to be removed are sent to hospitals elsewhere, many of them to the mountain regions of Maryland and Pennsylvania. Many of the convalescents are being sent from the hospitals here to the Northern States by steamers.

The following wounded officers arrived here to-day from the White House:—

Colonels Bassett, Eighty-second Pennsylvania; [illegible] Eighty-seventh Pennsylvania.

Majors Scott, First New York Dragoons; Zinn, Eighty-fourth Pennsylvania; Willett, Eighth New York artillery; Wallace, Twenty-third Pennsylvania.

Captains Cline, One Hundred and Fifty-fifth Pennsylvania; Francis, Ninety-first Pennsylvania; Murphy, Eighty-second New York; Kimberly, Forty-fourth New York; Hall, Assistant Adjutant General to General Owens; [illegible] Nineteenth Massachusetts; Crawford, One Hundred and Sixteenth Pennsylvania; Lett, One Hundred and Sixteenth Pennsylvania; Richards, Fifty-eighth New York; [illegible] Second New York artillery; Hunt, Tenth Vermont; [illegible] Eighty-fourth Pennsylvania; Griffith, One Hundred and Eighty-third Pennsylvania; Hill, Seventy-fourth New York; Roberts, Fourth Maryland; Parr, One Hundred and Thirty-ninth Pennsylvania; Craig, Twenty-third Pennsylvania; Patrick, Eighty-second Pennsylvania; [illegible] Fourth New Jersey; Gregory, Ninth heavy artillery; McBruen, One Hundred and Sixth New York; [illegible] One Hundred and Fifty-first New York; Coleman, One Hundred and Fifty-first New York; Tower, Sixth Michigan.

Lieutenants Holland, Adjutant 12th Massachusetts; Russell, 10th New York; Webster, 8th New York artillery; Richter, 8th New York artillery; Low, 8th New York artillery; Mulligan, 184th Pennsylvania; Ellen, 44th New York; Green, 8th New York artillery; Taylor, 23d Pennsylvania; Griffith, 23d Pennsylvania; Haws, 82d Pennsylvania; Ivers, 82d Pennsylvania; Williams, [illegible] Pennsylvania; Gordon, 95th Pennsylvania; Iredell, [illegible] Pennsylvania; Norman, 184th Pennsylvania; Conover, 14th New Jersey; Reed, 32d Massachusetts; Hope, 106th New York; Roole, 122d New York; Sherley, New York; Tuttle, 2d Connecticut artillery; Hatch, Massachusetts.

### The Work of the United States Sanitary Commission.

Washington, June 7, 1864.

The United States Sanitary Commission reports from the White House show that the Commission, with [illegible] large stock of sanitary supplies and a large corps of relief agents, are rendering valuable services. Yesterday they fed some thousands of wounded brought in from the front to be carried by boats to Washington. One of the inspectors of the Commission, Dr. Gordon Winslow, was lost overboard from the Sanitary Commission steamer Rapley, this morning, on her return trip from the White House. Dr. Winslow had in charge on the Rapley his wounded son, Colonel Winslow, of the New York Volunteers.

### Brigadier General R. O. Tyler in Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, June 7, 1864.

Brigadier General R. O. Tyler who was wounded on [illegible]

## THE CASUALTIES.

## NEWS FROM THE SOUTH.

## THE SPANISH-PERUVIAN WAR.

### Our Lima Correspondence.

71.2009.085.00609

## FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

TUESDAY, June 7—6 P. M.

The stock market felt the influence of the new policy of Mr. Chase to-day, and was decidedly dull and languid. The prices of yesterday could not be sustained, and the few transactions that took place were in response to the desires of anxious sellers. Compared with the sales at the first board on Monday, New York Central declined 1¾, Erie Railway 1, Reading 1½, Michigan Central 1½, Michigan Southern 1½, Illinois Central 1½, Cleveland and Pittsburg 1⅛, Cleveland and Toledo ¾, Chicago and Rock Island 1½, Chicago and Northwestern 4¾, Cumberland Coal 3, Canton Company ¾, Quicksilver Mining 1½, and Mariposa ½. Hudson River sold the same, Pacific Mail advanced 5 per cent, and Erie preferred ½.

The downward tendency of the market continued in the afternoon, New York Central closing at 130½, Erie Railroad 110¾, Hudson River 143½, Reading 137½, Michigan Central 142, Michigan Southern 93¾, Illinois Central 126¾, Toledo and Wabash 68, Cleveland and Pittsburg 110½, Chicago and Northwestern 61½, Cleveland and Toledo 146½, Chicago and Rock Island 110½, Pittsburg and Fort Wayne 114¾, Pacific Mail 248, Quicksilver Mining 77½, and Cumberland Coal 77½.

Government securities were not affected by the depression. The registered sixes of 1881 closed at 103, ex half year's interest; the five-twenty coupons at 105¾, and the one year certificates at 93.

Gold was dull and the premium down. It opened in the morning at 194, and before noon had declined two per cent, from which it sold up to 192½ a 192¾.

The loan market was well supplied; but lenders are inclined to hold off, in consequence of the present financial movements of the government. If it be true that Mr. Chase is negotiating for fifty millions for immediate use, a slight stringency may come upon the market for a few days.

The presence of Secretary Chase this morning at the Sub-Treasury in this city caused a number of rumors to get into circulation. It was charged by some that he had come to New York for the purpose of getting up another panic. Others stated that he desired thirty to fifty millions of dollars for immediate use, and that he was in consultation with the heads of the leading financial institutions on the subject of the most ready means of obtaining the amount. It was also reported that he came here to make arrangements with foreign capitalists in relation to the new six per cent bonds.

The Assistant Treasurer in this city reports the transactions at his office to-day as follows:—

| | |
|---|---|
| Amount on hand | $28,206,756 |
| Receipts from customs | 75,000 |
| From other sources | 6,912,229 |
| Total | $35,193,985 |
| Payments | 2,502,146 |
| Balance | $32,691,839 |
| Subscriptions to 10-40 loan | 24,700 |

It is not anticipated that the steady progress of the ten-forty or popular loan will be disturbed to any great extent by the proposals of the Secretary of the Treasury to receive bids for six per cent bonds of 1881. A large portion of the seventy-five millions advertised for will no doubt be taken on foreign account, at a premium of about eight per cent in currency, which is the present market value of that description of existing bonds, after the half year's interest which is due July 1 is subtracted. The ten-forty bonds are considered nearly as valuable at par as the six per cents are at the premium which they command, the only advantage which the latter have over the former being that they have seventeen years to run, while the five per cents mature at the end of ten years, if the government is disposed to redeem them at the expiration of that time, which it probably will not be prepared to do, as the five-twenty six per cent loan of five hundred and ten millions will then, and for ten years thereafter, be in course of liquidation. The new bonds will most probably be awarded to large capitalists and banking associations, in sums varying from ten thousand dollars to half a million, and the direct proposals of individuals with comparatively small means will be likely to receive very little consideration, unless they are prepared to outbid the present market value of the bonds.

The aggregate value of the exports of produce and merchandise, exclusive of specie, from this port for the past week was $2,689,130.

...

TOBACCO.—The demand was steady and prices were advancing, owing to a small supply. Sales of 847 hhds. Kentucky at 7c. to 36c., 200 cases seed, $1 44, and 63 ceroons on p. t. The market for manufactured was quiet and prices were advancing.

TEA.—The market was quite active, with sales of [illegible] half chests Oolong, 1,258 do. do., Japan, 50 do. do. green, 100 do. Souchong, and 31 half chests young Hyson.

TALLOW.—Stock of prime light, and market firm. Sales 150,000 lbs. at 14½c. a 14⅝c. for country and city.

WHISKEY.—Receipts, 2,405 bbls. Market quiet and unchanged. Sales 2,000 bbls. at $1 30½c. a $1 32c. for State and Western.

# THE CASUALTIES.

## Names of Killed and Wounded in the Battles in Virginia.

### Second Army Corps, June 3, 1864.

James Dunn, B, 40th Mass, back; W R Curtis, K, 8th N Y, leg; George C Fuller, B, 8th N Y, thigh; Jas Philpot, 1st N Y; H Vandyke, D, 36th Wis, side; Fred Kerabo, B, 8th N Y, foot; W H Benning, D, 8th N Y, foot; Chas Matthews, D, 20th Mass, thigh; Geo Chase, D, 8th N Y, head; Chas Sheitz, M, 8th N Y, shoulder; W [illegible] Hobbs, K, 36th Wis, back; Ed Tibbetts, H, 8th N Y, arm; H Snyder, F, 10th N Y, side; F Smith, B, 8th Ohio, abdomen; Lieut W D Williams, F, 184th Pa, hip; A W Turner, F, 61st N Y, leg; Thos Collins, I, 2d N Y, thigh; H Custins, D, 61st N Y, back; J A Cummings, E, 8th N Y, head; John Lynch, A, 155th N Y, neck; Sergt Wallace, B, 155th N Y, arm; Lieut James W R Hull, 20th Mass, thigh; Owen Dibble, K, 155th N Y, foot; Matthew Ros, [illegible], 7th N Y, foot; Sam Shipman, D, 14th Ind., foot; [illegible] Cavanagh, D, 155th N Y, arm; John Sellers, E, 93th N Y, neck; H McKinley, H, 42d N Y, ankle; P Bundy, K, 155th N Y, breast; Wm Salom, F, 164th N Y, leg; William Wilson, F, 164th N Y, thigh; H Ash, F, 164th N Y, foot; D S Wigner, D, 8th N Y, head; J R Boldeman, D, 8th N Y, groin; H Smith, K, 11th Conn, foot; Jesse A Olmstead, I, 6th N Y heavy artillery, thigh; Hugh Moran, K, 155th N Y, knee; John Warmsted, I, 4th Ohio, leg; Adison Kimball, 8th N Y heavy artillery, arm; Chas Miller, C, 8th N Y ...

...

W. McBrown, 106th New York, arm.
H. L. Hepburn, 106th New York, face.
[illegible] Harding, 122d Ohio, arm.
Thos. Black, 122d Ohio, leg.
[illegible] Harris, 14th New Jersey, arm.
W. J. Pifer, 87th Pennsylvania, abdomen.
W. Robertson, 110th Ohio, chest.
W. P. Blodgett, 10th Vermont, arm.
[illegible] B. Frost, 10th Vermont, killed.

# SHIPPING NEWS.

ALMANAC FOR NEW YORK—THIS DAY.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| SUN RISES | 4 28 | MOON SETS | morn 10 24 |
| SUN SETS | 7 25 | HIGH WATER | eve 11 20 |

## Port of New York, June 7, 1864.

CLEARED.

Steamship Kedar (Br), Muir, Queenstown and Liverpool—[illegible]
Ship Abbotsford (Br), Cooper, Liverpool—Snow & Burgess.
Ship Charles L Baker (Br), Young, Newport, E—Boyd & [illegible]
Ship Minnehaha (Br), McGrath, Londonderry—G J Knox.
Bark Peep o' Day (Br), Fenton, London—Sloman & Edge.
Bark Egle (Ital), Scarpati, Cork—Holmboe & Balchen.
Bark Favorite, Prindle, Barbadoes—H Trowbridge's Sons.
Bark Winthrop (Br), Moulton, Demarara—J Leaycraft.
Bark Russie (Br), Tyne, Quebec—Grinnell, Minturn & Co.
Bark Laugino (Ital), La Nasa, Cork—W Salem & Co.
Bark Hollonda (Holland), Heikamp, Antwerp—Funch, Meincke & Wendt.
Bark Lorebiz (Dan), Von Ehren, Christiana, Nor—Funch, Meincke & Wendt.
Brig Angostura (Br), Fuller, Cadiz—Herbeck & Halsey.
Brig Mary (Br), Martin, Maracaibo—Brett, Son & Co.
Brig Kenneth (Br), Crowell, Jacmel—Brett, Son & Co.
Brig Panama (Br), Fleming, Havana—W W Russell, Bro.
Brig Janet Kidston (Br), Card, St John, NB—D R Dewolf.
Brig Rival, Applegate, Philadelphia—Wakeman, Gookin & Dickinson.
Brig Madeira (Br), Nugent, Curacoa—D R Dewolf.
Brig Lulla (Br), Benson, Ft Martins—Jos Foulkes.
...

Philadelphia; Nightingale, Beebe, do; Theo B Smith, Keller, and M A Rowland, Foley, NYork.

5th—Arr sloop Guilio ?, Chase, New York. Cld 4th, ship Ada, Eldridge, Honolulu. Sld 5th, schrs J H Burnett, Merrill, Philadelphia; Mary Frances, NYork.

NEWBURYPORT, June 2—Arr schrs Mary E Pierce, Shaw; M A Shropshire, McKlwee, and A J Dyer, Rogers, Philadelphia.

NEWPORT, June 5—Arr schrs Express, Wheeler, Georgetown, DC, for Kingston, Mass; L P Smith, Cobb, do for Boston.

6th, 8 AM—Arr U S steamer Marblehead, Lieut Brown, NYork; schrs Henry Clay, Handy, Elizabethport for Cohasset Narrows; Carrie ?, Denton, Md, for Boston; Melbourne, Marston, NYork for Hallowell; Glenwood, Hayles, Philadelphia; Sarah Clark, Griffith, Delaware City; Home, Godfrey, Port Royal.

NEW LONDON, June 3—Arr schrs Loring (Br), Arroyo Pt, for Norwich; Wm A Crocker, Pearce, Baltimore for Groton; Ridgewood, Weeks, do for do.

6th—Arr sloop Aurora, Williams, NYork.

NEW HAVEN, June 5—Arr schrs Albert Treat, Kennard, Maraguez; California, Blizzard, NBrunswick; Hy Lemuel, Jarvis; F Pierce, Hall, and Eclipse, Somes, Elizabethport; Flea Louise, Snow, NYork; M Van Buren, Pt Ewen; sloop Henry, Hobbel.

6th—Arr schrs J M Warren, Chapman, NYork; Eliza S, Jones; James & Samuel, Ames, and Henry A Lemuel, Jarvis.

PHILADELPHIA, June 4, PM—Arr Dan bark Thetis, Petersen, Genoa; brigs Adriana Agragas (Ital), Beniante, Palermo; Agnes (Swe), Hewitt, St Kitts; Jeanette (Danish), Voak, NYork. Cld Brem ship Arctic, Stricker, Cork for orders; brigs Blue Wave (Br), Stephens, St John, NB; J H Kennedy, Smith, Port Royal; C Eddy, Smith, Hampton Roads; schrs E Hotchkiss, Robbins; Ned Sumter, Thorndike, and Pearl, Hill, Salem; Wm Arthur, Haskell, Portland; H Potter, Shepard, and W P Cox, Houck, Salem; M G Farr, Maloy; H W Wellington, Wells; Buena Vista, White; Eva Bell, Lee; E Forester, Warren; P A Sanders, Somers; B E Sharp, Tirrell; Oceana, Jennison, and G W Hynson, Shaw, Boston; O Stetson, Robinson, Braintree; Fly, Cheeseman, Nantucket; N Brown, Brown, and J L White, Davis, Cambridge.

5th—Arr U S supply steamer Bermuda, Smith, Western ...

## SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

A YOUNG AMERICAN GIRL DESIRES TO OBTAIN a position with a family of respectability, who purpose going to California; she would prefer a situation as nursery governess for young children, or as seamstress. Satisfactory reference given. Replies, addressed within two days to Sarah, box 160 Herald office, will receive immediate attention.

A PROTESTANT GIRL WISHES A SITUATION TO do general housework; is a good cook, washer and ironer; good reference from her last place. Call at 91 Greenwich avenue.

A RESPECTABLE GIRL WANTS A SITUATION AS nurse and plain sewer. Call at her present employer's, 158 West 47th st., from 9 to 12, for two days.

A GIRL WISHES A SITUATION TO DO CHAMBER work and assist in the washing and ironing. Can be seen at her present employer's, 164 West 39th st., between 8th and 9th avs.

A RESPECTABLE WOMAN WISHES A SITUATION as cook and laundress; three years' reference from her last place. Call at 53 Hudson av., Brooklyn.

A SITUATION WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE young girl, as chambermaid. Best city reference. Can be seen for two days at 120 East 32d st.

A SITUATION WANTED—AS NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS; can cut and fit children's clothes. Can furnish good city reference. Call at 133 West 30th st.

A SITUATION WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE young man, as coachman; understands his business; prefers the country. Good reference from his last employer. Address Q., Herald office.

A GIRL WISHES A SITUATION ...

## SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

SITUATIONS WANTED—BY TWO YOUNG WOMEN; one as cook, washer and ironer; the other as chambermaid and waitress. Call at 80 West 20th st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, to do general housework; city reference. Call at 123 East 23d st.

SITUATION WANTED—AS CHAMBERMAID AND waitress. Call at No. 1 Abingdon square, between Bank and Bleecker sts.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FOR A LARGE NUMBER OF female servants, competent to do any of the different branches of housework in private families, boarding houses or hotels; waiters of places, summer houses, &c., supplied with every description of help, both male and female. Ap. at the Large Employment House, corner of 6th av. and 11th street.

TWO RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT GERMAN GIRLS wish situations—one as nurse and seamstress; the other as chambermaid or waitress. Call at 116 West 32d st., first floor, front room, from 10 to 2.

TWO RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRLS WISH SITUATIONS in the city; one as cook, washer and ironer, and the other as chambermaid and waitress; have the best of reference from their last employer. Apply at 93 Varick st., corner Watts st., third floor, front room.

TO FAMILIES GOING TO EUROPE.—AN EDUCATED young English woman, of large experience as nurse, of very superior character and qualifications, wishes a situation to go to England, as nurse or maid, or companion to a lady. Address box 3,999 Post office.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTABLE girl, as nurse, good reference given. Apply at 43 West ...

## SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS HOUSEKEEPER, BY an American widow lady; would take charge of a club. Address H. J. M., station A, Spring st.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A GIRL, TO DO housework or chamberwork, and assist in washing and ironing; no objection to go in the country. Call at 173 West 31st st., first floor, front room.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTABLE young woman, to do chamberwork and waiting; best of city reference given. Call for two days at 29 Whitehall st., corner of Bridge.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTABLE married woman, as wet nurse; has a fresh breast of milk; is perfectly healthy; has the best of references. Call at 299 6th av., between 24th and 25th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTABLE girl, to do chamberwork and wait on table, or take care of children, in the city or country. Apply at 88 19th st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL, with good references, a situation as chambermaid in a private family; understands Wheeler & Wilson's sewing machine. Apply at 52 Leight street, New York.

WANTED—WORK, TO GO OUT BY THE DAY, OR to take it home; understands covering furniture, making curtains, braiding, and all kinds of sewing. Call at 138 West 30th st., in basement.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTABLE girl, to do general housework in a small private family. Call at 99 West 25th st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOMAN, a situation as chambermaid and waitress; can be well ...

## HELP WANTED—MALES.

A SEXTON.—A MAN SOMEWHAT FAMILIAR WITH the Catholic church service, of good character for honesty and sobriety, and who is willing to make himself generally useful, may apply in writing, addressing Rev. Catholic Clergyman, box 1,453 Post office, N. Y.

AGENTS CAN MAKE $25 IN A FEW HOURS SELLING our great new and wonderful extra large size Prize Packages. $15 per day guaranteed. Every dollar invested more than doubled. A splendid solid gold or silver lever watch presented free to each agent. Smart men wanted to establish agencies in every town and village. County rights free. Sale immense; demand increasing. Everybody buys them. Send for our great new circular for 1864, containing extra new premium inducements, free. S. C. RICKARDS & CO., 102 Nassau street, New York, original, largest and oldest prize package house in the world.

AGENTS CAN MAKE $500 A MONTH BY ENGAGING in the sale of our

GREAT NOVELTY PRIZE PACKET AND SPLENDID STEEL ENGRAVINGS.

We offer the greatest chance to make money ever known, and present every agent with a splendid gold or silver watch free. Only $15 capital required. Full particulars in circular mailed free. G. S. HASKINS & CO., 38 Beekman street, New York. The oldest and only original Prize Package house in the United States.

AT THE COMMERCIAL AGENCY, 297½ AND 299 Broadway—Wanted, to day, young man to go to California, hotel clerk, drug clerk, hosiery salesman, dry goods salesman, assistant bookkeeper, timekeeper, entry clerk, shipping clerk, porter, gardener, clerk in an importing house, coachman, groom. Other situations open. Established under the auspices of the merchants of this and other cities. Owing to the increasing demand for help, merchants must send in their orders before 3 P. M. Organized 1856.

OSCAR & CO.

## HELP WANTED—MALES.

WANTED—YOUNG MEN, WISHING TO GO ON SEA voyages to all parts of the world in whaleships and transports; also wanted for fishing and whaling voyages and the navy. RANDALL & COURTNEY, 184 West st., corner of Reade, up stairs.

WANTED—A GOOD SIZED ERRAND BOY.—CALL at 71 Broadway.

WANTED—IN A FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, A young man who has had some little experience in the business and who writes a fair hand. Address, with reference, box 3,477 Post office.

WANTED—A FIREMAN, AT THE CLAREMONT HOTEL, 141 Fulton st.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN 16 TO 18 YEARS OLD, in an office. Will be expected to open and close the office and make himself generally useful. Apply at 34 New st., second floor.

WANTED—TWO GOOD COACHMEN, WHO THOROUGHLY understand their business, either as private or to drive hack or coach. By applying this day only at 113 Clinton place, good situations in either position can be procured.

WANTED—TWO YOUNG MEN TO ATTEND SODA stands; also a smart boy, to board with his employer. Apply before 9 A. M. at 143 Chatham st. J. LEATHE.

WANTED—A FIRST RATE WAITER FOR A PRIVATE boarding house. Apply at 35 East 14th st., near University place.

WANTED—TO HIRE AN OLD, STEADY MAN, German or colored preferred. Apply to H. Gardner, 15 Laurens st., near Canal.

## HELP WANTED—FEMALES.

## SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.

# NEW YORK HERALD.

JAMES GORDON BENNETT,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE N. W. CORNER OF FULTON AND NASSAU STS.

TERMS cash in advance. Money sent by mail will be at the risk of the sender. None but bank bills current in New York taken.

THE DAILY HERALD, THREE cents per copy.

THE WEEKLY HERALD, every Saturday, at Five cents per copy. Annual subscription price:—

| | |
|---|---|
| One Copy | $2 |
| Three Copies | 5 |
| Five Copies | 8 |
| Ten Copies | 15 |

Postage five cents per copy for three months.

Any larger number, addressed to names of subscribers, $1 50 each. An extra copy will be sent to every club of ten. Twenty copies, to one address, one year, $25, and any larger number at same price. An extra copy will be sent to clubs of twenty. These rates make the WEEKLY HERALD the cheapest publication in the country.

Volume XXIX ........................No. 159



AMUSEMENTS THIS EVENING.

NIBLO'S GARDEN, Broadway.—BEL DEMONIO.

WALLACK'S THEATRE, Broadway.—LONDON ASSURANCE.

WINTER GARDEN, Broadway.—FRA DIAVOLO—THRICE MARRIED.

OLYMPIC THEATRE, Broadway.—ALADDIN.

NEW BOWERY THEATRE, Bowery.—POOR OF NEW YORK—BEN BOLT—WILTUL MURDER.

BOWERY THEATRE, Bowery.—NOTE FORGER—CHERRY AND FAIR STAR—COUSIN LAMBKIN.

BROADWAY THEATRE, 485 Broadway.—OUR AMERICAN COUSIN AT HOME.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM, Broadway.—TWO GIANTS, TWO DWARFS, ALBINOS, WHAT IS IT, &c., at all hours. MARRIAGE AT ANY PRICE—SECRETS OF STATE—At 3 and 7½ P. M.

BRYANTS' MINSTRELS, Mechanics' Hall, 472 Broadway.—ETHIOPIAN SONGS, DANCES, BURLESQUES, &c.—THREE STRIKERS.

WOOD'S MINSTREL HALL, 514 Broadway.—ETHIOPIAN SONGS, DANCES, &c.—OTHELLO.

AMERICAN THEATRE, No. 444 Broadway.—BALLETS, PANTOMIMES, BURLESQUES, &c.—SMITHS & BROWNS.

SALLE DIABOLIQUE, 585 Broadway.—ROBERT HELLER.

CLINTON HALL.—SEANCE.

HOLMAN'S ACADEMY OF MUSIC, 720 Broadway.—LA SONNAMBULA—MRS. PARTINGTON.

NEW YORK MUSEUM OF ANATOMY, 618 Broadway.—CURIOSITIES AND LECTURES, from 9 A. M. till 10 P. M.

HOOLEY'S OPERA HOUSE, Brooklyn.—ETHIOPIAN SONGS, DANCES, BURLESQUES, &c.


## WITH SUPPLEMENT.

New York, Wednesday, June 8, 1864.

## ADVERTISEMENTS FOR THE COUNTRY.

Advertisements for the WEEKLY HERALD must be handed in before ten o'clock every Wednesday evening. Its circulation among the enterprising mechanics, farmers, merchants, manufacturers and gentlemen throughout the country is increasing very rapidly. Advertisements inserted in the WEEKLY HERALD will thus be seen by a large portion of the active and energetic people of the United States.

## THE SITUATION.

Mr. Stanton, in a bulletin issued at a quarter past ten last night, announces that despatches from General Grant had been received, dated nine o'clock yesterday morning. The rebels made an assault on General Burnside's corps at midnight on the previous night, but were repulsed.

General Grant and General Lee have been in communication by letter with regard to the care of the wounded and dead on both sides. General Grant states that he regrets that his efforts to alleviate the sufferings of the wounded on the field have been rendered nugatory. He has also informed General Lee that some rebel officers and men who were looking after the wounded had been captured by mistake, in consequence of the letter of Gen Lee not arriving in proper time, and will be immediately returned. Mr. Stanton adds that no other military news has been received at the War Department.

Our correspondents with the Army of the Potomac give further details of last week's operations, including an attack made on Thursday by the enemy on the Fifth and Ninth corps, in which the rebels were repulsed, and a furious cannonading on Sunday night, which continued for some time in the darkness, but without much result.

There is nothing later from General Sherman's army or from General Butler.

### CONGRESS.

The amount of business transacted in the Senate yesterday was small, and the proceedings were not very important. Mr. Sumner presented from the Foreign Affairs Committee a report on the subject of amending the neutrality laws and asking to be discharged from its further consideration, which was agreed to. He also reported favorably from the same committee on the bill relative to consular jurisdiction over the crews of foreign vessels in American ports. A number of petitions asking for the abolition of slavery were presented. The question of agreeing with the House in defining the 30th of May ult. as the time when the resolution for the temporary increase of the tariff took effect was brought up; but no vote on the matter was reached. Some other subjects of little public interest were considered, after which the Senate held an executive session, and confirmed a number of nominations of the President. On the opening of the doors an adjournment took place.

In the House of Representatives a resolution for the printing of twenty thousand copies of the report of the Commissioner of Patents for the use of the House and ten thousand for the use of the Commissioner was introduced and referred to the Printing Committee. A bill authorizing an additional loan of four hundred millions of dollars for the support of the government was presented from the Ways and Means Committee, and, after some discussion, was recommitted to be reported complete. A resolution was adopted requesting the President to furnish the defence and papers of General Curtis before the military commission in the inquiry relative to cotton speculations within the army lines. The bill to prevent speculation in gold was taken up, discussed for some time, and finally tabled, by fifty three against forty-seven. A motion was made to reconsider the vote by which the bill was tabled, and its reconsideration was postponed till Saturday next. The conference committee's report on the disagreeing amendments to the Diplomatic and Consular Appropriation bill, relative to the appointment of consular pupils, was debated by several members, and then disagreed to and a new committee of conference asked for. Thirty thousand copies of the mechanical portion of the Patent Office report were ordered to be printed. Some other business of little importance was transacted, after which the House adjourned.

### MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

The National Republican Convention, for the nomination of candidates for President and Vice President of the United States, met at Baltimore yesterday. Senator Morgan, of New York, Chairman of the National Republican Committee, opened the proceedings with an appropriate speech, and concluded his remarks by appointing Rev. Dr. Robert J. Breckinridge, of Kentucky, temporary President. Dr. Breckinridge, upon taking the chair, addressed the Convention at considerable length. Committees on credentials, permanent organization and resolutions were then appointed, and the Convention took a recess until seven o'clock. Upon reassembling, ex-Governor William Dennison, of Ohio, was chosen permanent President, together with a Vice President and Secretary from each State represented. There being no business ready, Parson Brownlow, of Tennessee, was called out and made a characteristic speech, and the Convention thereupon adjourned till nine o'clock this morning. The indications are that Mr. Lincoln and Andrew Johnson, of Tennessee, will receive the nominations for President and Vice President, and that a radical platform will be adopted.

The European mails by the steamship China reached this city from Boston about midnight last night. The news by this arrival was telegraphed from Halifax and published in yesterday's HERALD.

The Street Cleaning Commissioners met again yesterday, pursuant to adjournment, and after some discussion resolved to modify their specifications for the contractors, so as to give the entire commission the supervision of the boats for the carrying away of the garbage, dirt and ashes. New proposals will be immediately advertised, and bids received in accordance therewith.

The annual meeting of the American Medical Association was held yesterday at Irving Hall. A large number of delegates from various States were present. The Rev Dr. DeWitt delivered an appropriate prayer. The morning session was commenced at eleven o'clock, Dr. Alden March, late President, in the chair. A committee of twenty-one was appointed to select candidates for officers for the ensuing year. The committee, at the afternoon session, which commenced at three o'clock, reported the following names, which were unanimously elected:—President—Dr. N. S. Davis, Chicago. Vice Presidents—Wm. H. Mussey, Cincinnati; Worthington Hooker, New Haven; Wm. Wheelin, District of Columbia; F. E. B. Hinsey, District of Columbia. Treasurer—Casper Wister, Philadelphia. Secretary—Guido Furman. The association will hold daily sessions until the business is all disposed of.

The Supreme Court, general term, decided yesterday that the Board of Education had no power to restore a teacher who had been removed by the local board. The relator in the case, Mary McHugh, was removed by the local board of the Sixth ward for some misconduct in office. She appealed to the Board of Education, who reversed the decision and ordered Miss McHugh to be reinstated. This the local board refused to do, when a mandamus was applied for at the special term. The Judge denied the application, however, on the ground that the Board of Education had no control over school boards in the dismissal or appointment of teachers, and now the general term affirms that judgment. The decision is an interesting one to school teachers.

The Tax Commissioner case was argued before the Supreme Court, general term, yesterday, by Messrs. McKeon and Noyes on the part of the old Board and ex-Judge Allen on the part of the new appointees. The Court took the papers, and announced that there would be a decision on the 15th instant, to which date the court adjourned.

An aged widow lady, named Amelia Beer, obtained a verdict of $150 yesterday, in the Superior Court, against Samuel Mathews for slanderous words made use of by the defendant while she was dunning him for an old balance alleged to have been due her husband when he left the defendant's employment.

In the General Sessions yesterday William Patterson, charged with stealing a quantity of currency from the premises of John C. Stockwell, 25 Ann street, pleaded guilty to petit larceny, and was remanded for sentence. John Jackson, who charged Thomas Ryan with stabbing him on the 23d of February, having furnished sufficient reasons to Mr. Hutchings, the acting prosecuting officer, why the charge should be withdrawn, the Court granted the motion. William and James O'Brien, boys, who were indicted for burglariously entering the store of Louis Simcoeso, 50 New Bowery, on the 12th of April, and stealing therefrom one hundred dollars' worth of segars, pleaded guilty to the offence. As that was their first offence, and their mother assuring the Court that she would take good care of them in future, the sentence was suspended for the present. The case of Charles Patterson, alias Taft Cherry, indicted for burglary in the first degree, and also for felonious assault and battery, was called on for trial; but on motion of the prisoner's counsel, whose witnesses were absent, the trial was set down for next Tuesday. This is known as the Fifth avenue shooting case, where the alleged burglar shot Mr. Charles Wallace.

The stock market experienced another day of disquietude and increased weakness yesterday. The transactions were light, and, as the sellers predominated, prices necessarily gave way. Gold was also dull, and the premium sunk to 92. Government securities were rather better; but there was no pressing demand for any description. Money continues plenty; but loans are not so easily obtainable at the rate of interest which has ruled for some weeks past. Many lenders now demand seven per cent.

The markets were again dull yesterday, and prices were unsettled by the variations in gold. There was not much disposition to do business, owing to the uncertainty about the tariff, and the sales on the whole were light, in both imported and domestic merchandise. Petroleum was steady, without change in prices. Cotton was likewise steady. On 'Change breadstuffs generally were firm, with a brisk demand for wheat for export. Provisions were without decided change, though pork was slightly off under the vigorous hammering of the market by the bears. Whiskey ruled steady. Freights were a little firmer, though rather less active in the matter of grain shipments.

The market for beef cattle was depressed by heavy receipts this week, and prices declined about 1c. per pound on the average; scarcely so much on the best cattle, which were comparatively scarce, but even more on the lower grades. Prices ranged from 12½c. to 19c. a 19½c., with but few sales above 19c. Milch cows were steady. Veals were in fair demand at last week's prices. Sheep and lambs were rather lower. Prices varied from $3 25 to $5 a $9 50 each. Hogs sold to a fair extent at 9¼c. a 9½c. The receipts were 4,634 beef cattle, 188 cows, 1,521 veals, 8,413 sheep and lambs, and 14,221 hogs.

### The Baltimore Convention.

The first day's proceedings of the Baltimore Republican or National Union Convention are before our readers. They are limited, excepting a speech or two, to the dry formalities of organization; but it is apparent that Abraham Lincoln will be endorsed and set up for another term; and it is probable that a regular out-and-out radical platform will be adopted, for the purpose of taking the wind out of the sails of the independent "radical democracy" ticket of the two Johns, General John C. Fremont and General John Cochrane.

Senator Morgan, Chairman of the Republican National Committee, in calling the Convention to order, made a little speech, the prominent feature of which was the declaration that "we (the Convention) will fall short of accomplishing our great mission if we shall not declare in favor of an amendment of the constitution prohibiting forever African slavery in the United States." Of course the adoption of such a resolution will be equivalent to the declaration that Honest Old Abe's emancipation, amnesty and reconstruction proclamations and theories are all bosh; but what does that signify, if Old Abe himself, with all these documents in his pockets, is lifted upon this new constitutional abolition platform.

We presume that Senator Morgan speaks by authority from Mr. Seward, and that the constitutional amendment suggested will be made part of Old Abe's new platform. We guess, too, that confiscation and a division of the spoils thereof, and, perhaps, enough of the Monroe doctrine to save appearances, will also be adopted. We expect to know all about it before to-morrow morning. In the meantime, the idea that Mr. Secretary Chase would turn up at Baltimore a dangerous, if not a successful, rival to his master, turns out a great mistake. Mr. Chase desires it to be understood that his surrender is without reservation. And so we await the nomination and endorsement of Abraham Lincoln, with the repudiation of his abolition and reconstruction policy and some other things, in the platform of the Convention. King Shoddy rules the roast.

A HOUSE FOR GENERAL MEADE.—The Philadelphians have presented the wife of General Meade with a house, on the corner of Nineteenth street and Delancey place, in that city. This is a handsome acknowledgment of the services of the lady's distinguished husband, and is an acknowledgment of the right kind. It quite agrees with our idea, expressed a few days since, as to how these matters should be done. We congratulate the fellow citizens of the gallant commander of the Army of the Potomac upon the good sense that led them to spend their money in this practical and useful way, rather than upon the nonsense of an elaborate but unnecessary sword.

### The New York Herald and the London Times.

The Havana papers, in chronicling the arrival there of one of our correspondents, en route for Mexico, to describe the reception of Prince Maximilian, take occasion to remark that "The NEW YORK HERALD thus imitates the enterprise of the London *Times* when similar events occur in Europe." The Havana journalists appear to labor under a singular confusion of ideas. Instead of imitating the enterprise of the *Times*, we so far surpass and exceed it that any comparison between the two papers is immeasurably in our favor.

Twenty-five years ago, before the HERALD revolutionized journalism, the *Times* may have had a high reputation for enterprise. We are not disposed to dispute the assertion that, even now, it stands at the head of the European press. But when the American press is taken into consideration, and we begin to talk, not of the best newspaper in Europe, but of the best newspaper in the world, then the *Times* sinks to a second rate position and the HERALD ranks *facile princeps*. In the Crimean war, for example, the *Times* had but one or two correspondents. In the Mexican war we had a dozen reporters, and received our despatches by a special line of couriers, organized at a vast expense, and repeatedly outstripping the government messengers. The *Times* accomplished this feat but once, with the news of the victory of Waterloo. We achieved it twenty times during the Mexican campaign; and yet we are not content, like the *Times*, to rest our reputation upon these old successes. During the Italian war we had more correspondents with the Allied army than the *Times* had, and published fuller accounts, illustrated with maps. During the Indian war we had one correspondent in the field, and so had the *Times*. Thus, in all these wars at least, the *Times* cannot be compared with the HERALD in enterprise.

The *Times* sent on a single correspondent to describe the coronation of the present Russian Emperor. It was this circumstance, probably, which supplied our Havana contemporaries with the comparison they make. But we already have three or four correspondents in Mexico, and now send on another as a reinforcement to our corps. The *Times* had one correspondent with the Prince of Wales during his tour through this country and the British provinces. We had two correspondents in the Prince's suite and half a dozen others assisting at various important points, such as Montreal, Detroit and Boston. The *Times* received its accounts of the Prince's movements by mail from Canada, although they could have been telegraphed to New York, while the HERALD accounts were telegraphed direct. The consequence was that the HERALD reports reached London in advance of those of the London *Times*, and were read there first. This difference between the two journals is decisive in regard to the question of enterprise. Yesterday we had over two pages of telegraphic correspondence; and the HERALD seldom appears without one page of matter sent by telegraph. The telegrams in the London *Times* hardly average as many lines. They are mere driblets, supplied by a sort of private associated press. Our instructions to correspondents are always to employ the telegraph if possible. The *Times* instructs its attaches never to use the telegraph where mails are accessible. In this fast age such a distinction marks the comparative rank of the newspaper.

But the war of the rebellion has supplied us with materials for still further illustrations of our superiority. This war is one of the most important events in the history of the world. To record it the *Times* despatched two correspondents to this country. Without weakening our regular force, without withdrawing any of our correspondents stationed at all the capitals of Europe and in South and Central America, we now have from thirty to forty reporters in the field, all finely mounted and equipped, to say nothing of those at Cairo, Memphis, Nashville, New Orleans and other places of interest in or near the rebel States. We venture to say that the *Times* has never displayed such enterprise in any war at any period of its existence, and that it has never published such full, graphic, accurate and impartial reports of any battle as those which have adorned our columns daily since the outbreak of the rebellion. Upon this point, upon our use of the telegraph, and upon any other feature of true journalism, we challenge comparison with the *Times*, or with any other paper ever published. It is impossible, therefore, for us to admit the claim of our London contemporary to the first place as a cosmopolitan newspaper. That place we have fairly won, and shall hold against all rivals. It is at variance with the facts, as the Havana papers must acknowledge, to state that the HERALD imitates the London *Times*; but we believe that the London *Times* might very profitably imitate the HERALD.

SECRETARY CHASE COMING TO HIS SENSES—THE NEW GOVERNMENT LOAN.—We are rejoiced to have occasion to announce that an indication of wisdom has made its appearance in the operations of the head of the financial department of the government. Long since we proposed a line of policy to the Secretary of the Treasury which, had it been then adopted, would have saved millions of dollars to the public treasury, accelerated the efforts to sustain the credit of the country, and relieved the people of the discouraging effects of the present enormous prices of living. But better late than never; and we now congratulate the public upon the new light which has just appeared above our financial horizon. It was at the commencement of the war our conviction that the issue of a vast amount of irresponsible Treasury notes as currency would raise the price of gold, and in a corresponding, or rather in an exaggerated and unwarrantable degree, produce the evils we mention. We told Mr. Secretary Chase that his proper plan to raise money to meet the prodigious expenses of the war was to issue government bonds, and have them sold for what they would bring. He has now done so in offering seventy-five millions of government bonds to the public at the highest bidder. This is clearly an admission that his former course was wrong, and is the beginning of a movement to bring about a contraction of the currency, which cannot help producing the most beneficial results. It has a tangible bearing upon the prospective resumption of specie payments, and as such must produce a most healthful effect in reducing the price of gold, and, as a natural consequence, of those commodities which enter into the consumption of every man's household. It may smash some speculators in Wall street, and damage those greedy extortionists who infest almost every branch of trade in which the general consumer is interested; but what does their fate amount to when compared to the good of the great masses of the people, upon whose confidence every government must rely in times of momentous public danger? In this movement Mr. Chase has ignored the policy of France in issuing assignats as a government currency expedient in time of war, and adopted the English system of uttering a representative of indebtedness, as nearly approaching the standard of gold as circumstances would admit. In adopting her expedient France showed her weakness, and her people soon discovered it, and another evidence of credit had to be selected. In selecting hers England showed her good sense and strength; and, in choosing something allied to the latter plan, Mr. Chase has exhibited a degree of wisdom for which he deserves credit, although displayed at so late a period, after the advice we have so repeatedly given him. We again congratulate the public upon the light now being shed, after such an extended period of darkness, upon the financial affairs of the country.

### The Congressional and Other Local Elections, as Compared with the Presidential Contest.

It may be in consequence of the anomalous condition of political affairs generally, or it may be from policy, or from cupidity, or from a trait of rascality which pervades that unscrupulous class of the community known as politicians in grain, but it is an extraordinary circumstance that so little attention is paid at this time to the Congressional and other local elections occurring in the fall. Amidst all the questions now agitating the public mind, outside the paramount war issues, no question is of more consequence than the composition of the Congress which shall come into power with the induction of the President to be elected next November. The Presidential election itself is of scarcely more importance; for, without a sympathizing and congenial Congress, the Executive is little better than an automaton in the administration of the government.

It is unnecessary to go out of the Congressional districts comprised within the limits of the metropolis to comprehend the weight of this subject. Here the prizes are great and numerous. The republicans will be united on their Presidential candidate, and the democrats on theirs. Local interests may not be involved directly in the Presidential result in the city; but the distribution of the local spoils will lend importance and a peculiar charm to the contest, and as that contest may be decided so will, in a great measure, the local spoils be dispensed. How is it, then, that so much apathy exists in regard to the local elections occurring simultaneously with that for the Presidency? The present city delegation in Congress, elected two years ago, have proven false to their constituents, and lent hesitating support, if not presented direct opposition, to the war policy, which was the actuating principle that insured their success. This delegation should not be re-elected; and the result of the municipal election last winter demonstrates the fact that they cannot be if the elements then predominating are again invoked and concentrated. The present delegation were chosen by a coalition of the opposing democratic factions, Mozart and Tammany. The candidates of the same coalition were defeated in the municipal election by the spontaneous action of independent citizens and former adherents of the old factions, who spurned the bribes and threats of their former political managers and voted for the McKeon nominations. In the latter contest the Mozart and Tammany cliques made separate bargains—Fernando Wood on one side and Peter B. Sweeny on the other—presuming the mass of the democrats would go with them. But both Wood and Sweeny, together with their bargains, were repudiated, as we have seen, and the independent candidates elected. Since then the independent Mozart and Tammany democrats have been acting together in a bond of brotherly union; and, with the aid of these no party and patriotic citizens who were joined with them in the last successful municipal contest, they can sweep the city clean of the present worthless Congressional delegation, should either succeed in obtaining a renomination, and elect in their stead men of the true patriotic stamp—men possessing the confidence of the people, and who will prove worthy representatives of the great interests of the city. Nominations made according to this suggestion will present some show of fairness and honesty, and will not furnish that odor of auction bargaining and corruption which has distinguished and disgraced the managers of Mozart and Tammany in times past. With the union that elected the McKeon ticket last winter, the corruptionist and secessionist candidates will be defeated, and their places filled by those who will do their duty fairly towards their constituents, and prove an honor and a strength to the republic in this its hour of tribulation and danger. Let the work of ward organization be at once commenced.

### Personal Intelligence.

SECRETARY CHASE IN THE CITY.

The Secretary of the Treasury arrived in this city yesterday, and is stopping at the St. Nicholas Hotel. His main business here at present is to confer with the Bank Loan Committee about the deposits by the banks with Mr. Cisco on account of temporary loans, and not for the purpose of negotiating a loan, as erroneously stated in some of the evening papers. There is no intention on the part of the Secretary to increase the issue of legal tender notes. Mr. Chase expects to be able to conclude his business to-day, and if so, will return to Washington immediately. Mr. Chase corrects a statement in relation to the daily expenditures of the government, and puts it at something in the neighborhood of two and a half millions, instead of four.

### The Sabine Pass Affair.

REBEL ACCOUNTS.

The Richmond papers of the 30th ult. have the following despatch from Texas in relation to the capture of the United States gunboats Granite City and Wave:—

HOUSTON, Texas, May 13, }
Via SHREVEPORT, May 23, 1864. }

Colonel Griffin, with a force of two hundred sharpshooters and a battery of artillery, surprised two gunboats, the Granite City, No. 8, iron-plated, and the Wave, No. 8, tin-clad, in Calcasieu Pass, May 6. We captured both. The Yankees had to send the boats ashore to surrender. There were one hundred and sixty prisoners captured, sixteen fine cannon and no end of stores. On the 9th a Yankee mail boat was captured at Calcasieu by Major McReynolds.

[In the recent accounts received of the capture of the gunboats Granite City and Wave, near Sabine Pass, Texas, it is to be regretted that no mention is made of the names of the officers reported wounded. Any one having letters concerning the capture of these vessels will confer a favor upon the family and friends of the officers by sending them or reporting their contents to the editor of the HERALD.]

### Found Drowned at Sandy Hook.

SANDY HOOK, June 7, 1864.

There was found drowned at Sandy Hook, on the inner beach, an unknown man, about five feet in height. He had on a pair of shoes, dark brown pantaloons, black satin vest, but no coat. His features were very much disfigured. He was buried on the Hook.

## INTERESTING FROM WASHINGTON.

## Bill for an Additional Loan of Four Hundred Millions Introduced.

## THE DEBT OF THE NATION.

## The Bill to Prevent Gold Speculations Tabled in the House.

## Appointments Confirmed by the Senate, &c., &c., &c.

WASHINGTON, June 7, 1864.

THE PROPOSED NEW GOVERNMENT LOAN OF FOUR HUNDRED MILLIONS.

The Loan bill from the Secretary of the Treasury, reported to-day by Representative Hooper, of the Committee of Ways and Means, authorizes four hundred millions of dollars to be borrowed for the service of the next fiscal year, ending June 30, 1865, on coupon or registered bonds, redeemable after any period not more than forty years from date, of denominations not less than fifty dollars, and at an annual rate of interest not exceeding six per centum, payable twice annually in coin or in Treasury notes; or in Treasury notes, in lieu of the above bonds, to the extent of $200,000,000 of denominations not less than ten dollars, payable any time after three years from date, with interest at an annual rate not exceeding seven and three-tenths per centum, payable in lawful money semi-annually, or at the maturity of the notes. The Secretary is authorized to dispose of the bonds or any part thereof in the United States or in Europe, on such terms as he may deem expedient, for lawful money of the United States, or for Treasury notes, or for certificates of indebtedness, or for certificates of deposit in the temporary loans.

The bill also authorizes the Secretary to issue seven and three-tenths Treasury notes, to be substituted in lieu of any Treasury notes or of any United States notes heretofore issued under the authority of previous acts of Congress, and authorizes temporary loans for not less than thirty days, and payable at ten days' notice after the term of deposit, at a rate of interest not exceeding six per centum, but limits the aggregate amount of such loans to $150,000,000. The total amount of United States legal tender notes issued or to be hereafter issued is limited to $400,000,000, excepting that it may be increased temporarily for payments on account of the "temporary loans," but not beyond $500,000,000.

The bill also authorizes the Secretary to issue registered bonds in exchange for any coupon bonds that have been or may hereafter be issued, and to issue new bonds in exchange for any coupons or other bonds that may have become mutilated, defaced or endorsed. It also legalizes all previous issues of postage stamps for fractional currency, and provides for reissuing other fractional currency in addition to and in place of the postage stamps previously issued which may have become defaced, limiting the whole amount of fractional currency to the amount prescribed by the law of last year.

By this bill the validity of the signature of the Register of the Treasury is confirmed on all bonds previously issued, by the law under which they were issued, were required to be signed by the Treasurer of the United States. The bill now reported will be the only law under which the public debt can be increased before the 1st of July, 1865, as there is no act in force under which bonds or Treasury notes can be issued after the close of the present fiscal year, ending on the 30th day of June of the present month.

THE PRESENT INDEBTEDNESS OF THE GOVERNMENT.

The whole amount of the public debt, including all suspended requisitions is now $1,754,236,463 Of this amount $162,668,699 is in legal tender and other notes not bearing interest, leaving the amount of debt bearing interest, and the suspended requisitions $1,271,567,663.

THE BILL TO PREVENT SPECULATION IN GOLD.

The discussion upon the Gold bill in the House to-day clearly indicated that the whole matter is very likely to prove a failure. So many difficulties have presented themselves that the most ardent supporters of the bill are silent, Mr. Hooper not even attempting a refutation of the arguments against it. Hopes are still entertained that the object of the bill will be attained; but there is no probability of its accomplishment this session.

THE BANKRUPT BILL.

The passage of the Bankrupt bill will be urged to-morrow or next day, in the House of Representatives.

GENERAL HANCOCK'S NAME IN THE BALTIMORE CONVENTION.

It is understood here that the introduction of the name of General Hancock as a candidate for the Vice Presidential nomination at Baltimore was a trick of the Seward-Weed party to kill off Daniel S. Dickinson and Simon Cameron at once. As soon as General Hancock's name was presented Cameron went over to Hamlin, and Dickinson was thus driven from the field. The Wood faction chuckle heartily over their success.

CONFIRMATIONS BY THE SENATE.

The Senate to-day, in executive session, confirmed the following nominations:—

Brigadier General Greenville M. Dodge, United States Volunteers, to be Major General.

Brigadier General John Gibbon, United States Volunteers, to be Major General.

The following were confirmed as brigadier generals:—

Colonel John R. Brooke, Fifty-third Pennsylvania, for distinguished services in the Old Wilderness and at Spottsylvania.

Colonel Nelson A. Miles, Sixty-first New York, from May 12, 1864, for distinguished services in the Old Wilderness and at Spottsylvania Court House.

Colonel Joseph Hayes, Eighteenth Massachusetts, from May 12, 1864.

Colonel Byron R. Pierce, Third Michigan.

Lieutenant Colonel Joseph Bailey, Fourth Wisconsin cavalry, to be brigadier general by brevet, for meritorious services in enabling the Mississippi flotilla to get over the lower falls of the Red river.

Also Alfred Deny, of Ohio, to be agent for Indians on the Upper Missouri, in the Territory of Montana; Lathrop B. Kinney, of Nebraska, to be Indian agent for the Territory of Utah, vice Frederick W. Hatch removed; Samuel T. Davis, of Iowa, to be Register of the land office at Sioux City; H. Calkins, of Wisconsin, to be receiver of public moneys for the land district of the Falls of St. Croix river, Wisconsin, vice B. F. Reynolds, removed; James H. Wilbur, of Oregon, to be Agent of Lakama Indians, in Washington Territory; Robert C. Gist, to be Deputy Postmaster at Memphis, Tenn.; John H. Davidson, to be Deputy Postmaster at Ironton, Iowa; Joseph S. Young, of Iowa, to be additional Paymaster in the army.

SUSPENSION OF OFFICERS BY THE PROVOST MARSHAL GENERAL.

Captain Berry, the Provost Marshal of the Sixth district of Kentucky, Captain Coppock, the Provost Marshal of the Second district of New Jersey, Captain Merriam, of the Ninth Massachusetts, and Dr. Richardson, Surgeon of the Board of the Ninth district of Massachusetts, have been suspended by the Provost Marshal for granting excessive exemptions under the present draft.

PROSPECTS FOR THE ADJOURNMENT OF CONGRESS.

Representative Morrill said to-day, during a debate, that the House could finish up its business so as to adjourn in two weeks.

DROWNING OF REV. GORDON WINSLOW.

Rev. Gordon Winslow, of New York, army chaplain, and for some time past an agent of the Sanitary Commission, was accidentally drowned in the Potomac this morning. He was on the Sanitary Commission transport steamer Mary Rapley, accompanying his son, Colonel Winslow, of the Fifth New York Zouaves, wounded severely in the recent battles. In attempting to draw a bucket of water from the river, he was jerked overboard and drowned. The body was not recovered. Mrs. Winslow is in attendance upon her son, at the Mansion House hospital, at Alexandria.

CAPTURE OF A SCHOONER WITH REBEL SUPPLIES.

The steamer Leslie arrived at the Navy Yard last night, and reports the capture of a schooner in the Rappahannock, loaded with lumber, whiskey, coffee, &c., for the rebels.

AN AGRICULTURAL MISSION TO CHINA.

Varnum D. Collins, Esq., appointed agent of the Department of Agriculture by Commissioner Newton, has left this city to proceed to China, charged with the selection of new varieties of sorghum seed and other agricultural products capable of acclimatization, and the collection of general agricultural information.

THE NUMBER OF NAVAL PRIZES.

The following is a list of naval prizes up to the 1st of June, 1864:—Steamers, 232; schooners, 627; sloops, 159; barks, 29, brigs, 53; ships, 15; yachts and small craft, 133. Total, 1,237. The aggregate value is $17,000,000, to be distributed among the naval captors.

THE CLERICAL POSITIONS IN THE POSTAL MONEY ORDER OFFICE.

Many applications are made for the places of superintendent and clerks in the Money Order Office recently created in the Post Office Department by act of Congress. It is officially stated that no ordinary clerical ability will suffice for these places, and no applicant can hope for success who is not prepared to show that he possesses a good education and is practically familiar with commercial and banking business. An acquaintance with postal affairs also will be considered a valuable qualification. As these appointments must be made for the 1st of July next, applicants are required to forward their testimonials to the Post Office Department without delay.

SENATOR HALE GONE HOME.

Senator Hale has gone to New Hampshire, to look after his re-election, leaving a large amount of naval business unattended to, on some of which the department urged him to take action at least a month ago.

## THIRTY-EIGHTH CONGRESS.

FIRST SESSION.

### Senate.

WASHINGTON, June 7, 1864.

CONFIRMING THE TITLE TO LANDS IN CALIFORNIA.

No important business was transacted during the morning hour, the time being occupied in considering the House bill, which was called up by Mr. CONNESS, (rep.) of Cal., to confirm the title to certain lands at Santa Barbara, in California, to the Roman Catholic Church for educational purposes. The discussion of the bill was continued until a quarter to two o'clock, several Senators arguing that California, and not the government, should confirm the original Mexican grant to this land. The bill was passed.

AMENDING THE NEUTRALITY LAWS.

Mr. SUMNER, (rep.) of Mass., from the Committee on Foreign Affairs, reported on the subject of amending the neutrality laws, and asked to be discharged from their further consideration, which was agreed to.

PETITIONS FOR THE ABOLITION OF SLAVERY.

Mr. SUMNER presented numerous petitions from different States, East and West, for the abolishment of slavery by act of Congress, and stated that the mass of the petitioners in this regard now numbered three hundred thousand of the working classes. He added that Illinois was ahead of all the other States in this respect, which he said was through the influence of the ever faithful Owen Lovejoy, now deceased. The whole were referred to the Committee on Slavery and Freedmen.

THE GOVERNMENT TAXES OF WASHINGTON.

Mr. GRIMES, (rep.) of Iowa, from the Committee on the District of Columbia, reported back the bill authorizing the Levy Court of the county of Washington, D. C., to levy a direct tax upon the people of the county for their portion of the government tax under the act of Congress of July, 1861, without amendment.

CONSULAR JURISDICTION OVER CREWS OF FOREIGN VESSELS.

Mr. SUMNER, from the Committee on Foreign Relations, reported favorably on the bill to provide for the execution of the treaties between the United States and foreign nations respecting consular jurisdiction over the crews of vessels of such foreign nations in waters and ports of the United States.

RAILROAD LANDS FOR DAKOTA AND MONTANA.

Mr. POMEROY, (rep.) of Kansas, from the Committee on Public Lands, reported back the bill granting lands to Montana and Dakota, with a recommendation that they be postponed until next December. Agreed to.

THE TEMPORARY TARIFF INCREASE.

The House joint resolution amendatory of the joint resolution to increase temporarily the duties on imports, approved April 29, 1864, was called up by Mr. SHERMAN, (rep.) of Ohio, who offered an amendment thereto, and after some discussion its consideration was postponed.

THE CONGRESSIONAL DEBATES.

Mr. ANTHONY called up the bill to pay for the publication of the debates of Congress and for other purposes.

After discussion the bill was made the special order for Friday.

A FREEDMEN'S BUREAU.

On motion of Mr. SUMNER the bill to establish a Bureau of Freedmen's Affairs was called up, but without considering it the Senate, on motion of Mr. CHANDLER, (rep.) of Mich., went into executive session, and afterwards adjourned.

### House of Representatives.

WASHINGTON, June 7, 1864.

PRINTING THE REPORT OF THE COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS.

Mr. ORTH, (rep.) of Ind., offered a resolution that there be printed twenty thousand copies of the Report of the Commissioner of Patents for the use of the House, and ten thousand for the Commissioner of Patents. The subject was referred to the Committee on Printing.

ADMISSION OF EX-MEMBERS ON THE FLOOR.

Mr. LAW, (opp.) of Ind., submitted an amendment to the rules so as to admit ex members of Congress to the floor when the House is in session. The proposition was referred to the Committee on the Rules.

WAYS AND MEANS FOR THE SUPPORT OF THE GOVERNMENT.

Mr. HOOPER, (rep.) of Mass., from the Committee on Ways and Means, reported a bill to provide ways and means for the support of the government, by authorizing a loan of four hundred millions of dollars. He moved the bill be printed and recommitted to the Committee on Ways and Means, with power to report at any time.

Mr. COX, (opp.) of Ohio, objected to their reporting at any time.

Mr. HOOPER said all the loan bills will expire during the present month, and this bill is to provide ways and means for the coming fiscal year.

The bill was recommitted to the Committee on Ways and Means.

THE EVIDENCE IN THE CASE OF GENERAL CURTIS.

On motion of Mr. WILSON, (rep.) of Iowa, a resolution was adopted requesting President Lincoln to transmit to the House a copy of the defence and all the papers and evidence of General Samuel R. Curtis, made before the commission of which General McDowell was President, in relation to cotton transactions.

SPECULATION IN COIN AND BULLION.

The House then resumed the consideration of the Senate bill prohibiting speculation in coin and bullion.

Mr. HOOPER, (rep.) of Mass., submitted a substitute for the first section of the bill.

Mr. GANSON, (opp.) of N. Y., said that this bill could not strengthen the government, but would throw obstacles in the way of ordinary business transactions. Its effect would be to add to the disrespect for legislative enactments of this character.

Mr. DAVIS, (rep.) of N. Y., considered the terms of the bill unconstitutional, and offered a proviso "that during the operation of this act the laws of trade and gravitation shall be suspended."

Mr. PENDLETON, (opp.) of Ohio, said that under this bill a man could not sell his horse, land, wheat, corn or whiskey for gold. All such transactions are rendered illegal unless payment is made for the same in United States notes or in the national currency. The design of the bill was to prevent dealing in gold in New York. There was no constitutional power, however, under which this could be done. Instead of attempting to bolster up a redundant paper currency, the effort should be to reduce the amount of paper money afloat, and not vainly strive to pull down gold.

Mr. WOODBRIDGE, (rep.) of Vt., said that no man was more desirous of assisting the government in the present emergency than himself; but as to the pending bill, no court would say that its provisions could be enforced. There was no warrant for it in the constitution or in any law with which he was acquainted.

THE CONSULAR AND DIPLOMATIC APPROPRIATION BILL.

The subject was laid aside to take up the report of the Committee of Conference on the disagreeing amendments to the Consular and Diplomatic Appropriation bill.

Mr. KASSON, (rep.) of Iowa, explained the points which were compromised, in effect authorizing the President to appoint thirteen consular clerks, to be citizens of the United States, and to be compensated at the rate of one thousand dollars per annum, and be assigned to such consular duties as he may direct. There shall be no removal excepting for cause—the reason to be submitted to Congress. The Senate had proposed twenty-five consular pupils, but this number was reduced, and they are to be called clerks. With regard to an increase of salary of the Minister Resident to Belgium, the Committee have restored the first section of the act of 1855, which provides that the President may, whenever he sees proper, send an envoy extraordinary to European courts, but so long as the Minister Resident remains there the salaries of the latter shall not be increased.

The report was debated by various gentlemen and then disagreed to—39 against 54.

Another committee of conference was asked.

THE GOLD SPECULATION BILL TABLED.

The House resumed the consideration of the Gold bill.

Mr. HOOPER answered the objections, which he said were rather ingenious and technical than practical, as to the constitutional power to pass the bill. He pointed to the clauses relating to the public welfare, the regulation of commerce, and the power to coin money and regulate the value thereof.

Mr. DRIGGS, (rep.) of Mich., said the bill would be more valuable if all after the enacting clause were stricken out.

Mr. PENDLETON moved to lay the bill on the table. Carried—53 against 47.

An unsuccessful motion was made to reconsider the vote and to lay the motion on the table.

Mr. WASHBURNE, (rep.) of Ill., moved to postpone the question of reconsideration until Saturday.

Mr. COX, (opp.) of Ohio, moved to lay the whole subject on the table. Disagreed to—49 against 58.

The subject was then postponed till Saturday.

THE PATENT OFFICE REPORT.

Thirty thousand copies of the mechanical part of the Patent Office report were ordered to be printed.

THE VETO POWER IN THE TERRITORIES.

Mr. COLE, delegate from Washington, opposed the Senate bill regulating the veto power in that Territory, protesting against the proposed abridgement of liberties of the people. He moved to lay the bill on the table, pending which the House adjourned.

### The Boston Weekly Bank Statement.

BOSTON, June 7, 1864.

| | |
|---|---|
| Capital stock | $38,231,700 |
| Loans and discounts | 67,093,500 |
| Specie | 6,309,000 |
| Due from other banks | 16,130,700 |
| Due to other banks | 10,376,000 |
| Deposits | 32,771,000 |
| Circulation | 9,160,000 |

### Affairs in Boston.

BANQUET TO RUSSIAN OFFICERS—ACCIDENT.

BOSTON, June 7, 1864.

The officers of the Russian fleet partook of a grand banquet, given by the city, at the Revere House this evening.

A boat containing a fishing party was upset by a squall yesterday in Salem Harbor, drowning Samuel Williston, Charles Adams, Frederick Knowlton and William Dodge, all young men.

### Arrivals and Departures.

ARRIVALS.

BEAUFORT, N C.—Steamship Whirlwind—Mr Storm, Mr Clark, Mrs Taylor, Mr L Henry, S Currie, Mrs H Moore, Capt Sturdevant, J S Sims, J Hunt, J A Condon, E B Jackson, L Bass, A Payson and wife, L Lord, S Staples, H Stephenson.

MATANZAS—Bark Washington Butcher—Mrs Van Tassel and child, Mrs Orr, Wm Sullivan, Wm Davis, Wm Hunter, Edwd Carey, Edwd Bartholomew, Hamilton Jaycox, Peter Behan, Henry Parker.

MATANZAS—Bark Sockabilio—Francisco Cobrea, Jos Clark, Jos Galcoan.

# THE PRESIDENCY.

## Meeting of the Republican Nominating Convention at Baltimore.

### Hon. Dr. Robert J. Breckinridge, of Kentucky, Chosen Temporary, and Ex-Governor Dennison, of Ohio, Permanent President.

### Delegates from Seceded States and from Territories Admitted.

### Speeches of Senator Morgan, Dr. Breckinridge, Gov. Dennison and Parson Brownlow.

### President Lincoln's Renomination Inevitable.

### Quarrel of the New York Delegation Over the Vice Presidency.

### Success of the Seward Faction in Caucus.

### Platform of the National Council of Loyal Leagues, &c., &c., &c.

**Our Special Baltimore Despatches.**

BALTIMORE, Sunday, June 7, 1864.

The political element may be said to have commenced its ascendancy nearly all night. The necessary call gentlemen, into speeches which were made in the Republican Wigwam, and only subsided to its influence by replenishing.

The Republican party of Maryland, being conceded as a matter of course, and its representative Gov. Pratt, the consistent and energetic friend of the President, being in the chair, a good point. Governor Pratt's speech, which was cut off in consequence of its being in strong by limited, but a change but which was in the political sentiment of the party hour the morning. The sentiment contained in his delegation, which was the sentiment of the Republican Convention of Maryland, declaring that if the war should continue, the Republican party would be compelled to adopt the policy of emancipation, and that, upon mere technical or conservative ground, it, they came to place, it would be a fatal error to the party.

The problem created no little sensation. A strong effort was made to have the Maryland delegation, "one of the New England" delegations were again fired upon, and the Maryland delegation, which was made up of the Democrats but several of the Western States and Delegates from Ohio, Iowa, Illinois, and Delegates of New York, Connecticut, and Pennsylvania

## HOUSES, ROOMS, &C., TO LET.

AT NEW BRIGHTON—TO RENT, IN HAMILTON Park, several new Houses, beautifully located and ... containing gas and all the modern ... Particularly adapted to ... T. BUND, 132 Broadway.

A PLEASANT FRONT AND BACK ROOM, ON THE second floor, furnished, with closets, bath, gas, &c. ... to single gentlemen, together or separately, without Board. References exchanged. 233 West Nineteenth street.

A PLEASANT SUIT OF ROOMS FOR GENTLEMEN on the second floor, to let without board, in Thirty-sixth street, a few doors west of Broadway; private family without children; bath and all modern improvements. ... if required. Apply at 133 Thirty-sixth street (new number).

A FURNISHED COTTAGE TO RENT—AT HASTINGS on the Hudson, ten minutes walk from the depot ... Apply to Mrs. WEST, at Hastings; or ... A. HALL, ... Broadway.

A FEW GENTLEMEN CAN BE ACCOMMODATED with Furnished Rooms, without board, except on Sunday if desired. Apply at 114 Warren street, Jersey City.

A SMALL PRIVATE FAMILY WILL LET A PLEASANT ... Furnished Front Room, without board; cars ... the door. Apply at 233 West Fourteenth street.

A FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET—TO A SMALL FAMILY, at moderate rent, for the summer months, as the family are going out of town; modern improvements ... furnished and possession immediately. References required. No boarding house keepers need apply. Apply ... street.

A BILLIARD ROOM AND RESTAURANT TO LET, furnished, in a large hotel down town, with exclusive ... privileges of ... Apply to M. SMITH, Frankfort House, Frankfort and William streets.

A SUIT OF ROOMS TO LET—AT $15; ONE AT $... and one at $33, also a Parlor Floor, three rooms, ... brown stone house, 685 Second avenue, between Thirty-seventh and Thirty-eighth streets, with chandeliers ... rent ... only to a gentleman and wife, with not more than one child. Apply to A. L. ELY, corner of Fourth avenue and Forty-first street.

[illegible]

## HOUSES, ROOMS, &C., TO LET.

[illegible]

## SUMMER RESORTS.

[illegible]

## COUNTRY BOARD.

[illegible]

## COUNTRY BOARD.

[illegible]

## HOTELS.

[illegible]

## HOUSES, ROOMS, &C., WANTED.

[illegible]

## LOAN OFFICES.

[illegible]

## STALLIONS.

[illegible]

## SPORTING.

[illegible]

## HORSES, CARRIAGES, &C.

[illegible]

## HORSES, CARRIAGES, &C.

[illegible]

## HORSES, CARRIAGES, &C.

[illegible]

## COPARTNERSHIP.

[illegible]

## SPECIAL NOTICES.

[illegible]

## COAL.

[illegible]

## SALES OF REAL ESTATE.

A COTTAGE FOR SALE CHEAP—ON CITY ISLAND, twelve miles from New York, by steamboat daily. Inquire on the premises, or of J. W. V. DAVIS, 232 East Tenth street, N. Y.

A DESIRABLE FARM FOR SALE—CONTAINING thirty eight acres, with crops pleasantly situated on Long Island, near the Jamaica turnpike, within five miles of Brooklyn ferries; high ground, with a beautiful prospect of the surrounding country. Terms easy. Call on or address JOHN W. FURMAN, Jamaica, L. I., or J. T. FURMAN, Newtown, L. I., on the premises.

A PERSON HAVING $4,500 WORTH OF IMPROVED City Property is desirous of selling or exchanging for a small farm near the city, or a small improved place near Yorkville or Harlem. Apply on the premises, 145 East Thirty third street.

A FARM FOR SALE—(PRICE $3,500)—CONSISTING of 100 acres of land, 7½ miles from Saratoga Springs, a most beautiful dwelling of ten rooms, nine outhouses, almost new, with two young orchards of choice fruit trees and fifteen acres of wood land. For particulars address D. NELSON, Porter's Corners, Saratoga county, N. Y. No exchange of property.

ASTORIA—COTTAGE, TWENTY PER CENT BELOW cost, this month only. Seven lots, ten rooms, barn, 50 fruit trees, marble mantels, range, heater, handsome lawn; thirty minutes to Peck slip, hourly. Address C. B. S., Astoria.

A WELL CULTIVATED HOMESTEAD FARM, OF 135 acres, for sale.—Near depot, 35 miles on Long Island; good buildings, plenty of fruit and water, all the crops, &c. Price only $7,[illegible].
E. A. BUNCE, No. 7 Chambers street.

A GOOD BUSINESS CORNER FOR SALE—SITUATED near the Navy Yard; has been doing a good butcher business for years; will be sold cheap as the owner is going in the country. Apply at 176 Prospect street, Brooklyn.

A BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE—NEAR Mount Vernon and the depots of the Harlem and New Haven railroads; excellent buildings and great abundance of fine fruits, &c. Price $[illegible]. Apply to JOHN C. HANKIN, Real Estate Agent, Mount Vernon, N. Y.

A BEAUTIFUL AND GOOD FARM—AT ROCKLAND Lake, opposite Sing Sing; 83 acres, excellent buildings, choice fruits abundant. Other Farms, all prices.
W. H. MELICK, 421 Broadway.

A BEAUTIFUL AND GOOD FARM AT ROCKLAND Lake, opposite Sing Sing, sixty-three acres, $6,300. A so sixty acres near Chester, opposite Yonkers, stock, crops, &c., included, $7,000. Good buildings and fruits on each. Other Farms all prices. W. H. MELICK, 421 Broadway.

A BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY SEAT AT ROSLYN, THREE miles from Glen Cove, L. I., forty six acres; large and good buildings, choice fruits, &c.; worthy of attention; $[illegible].
W. H. MELICK, 421 Broadway.

A FINE HOUSE FOR SALE—BROWN STONE AND brick, on West Twentieth street. A very desirable residence, handsomely decorated in fresco, in perfect order, with all modern improvements. Price $10,[illegible].
G. A. ROBINSON & CO., 25 Nassau st., rooms 4 and 5.

A FIRST CLASS GRAIN, HAY, FRUIT AND GARDEN Farm, 75 or 150 acres. Good buildings; house 2½ story; well timbered, watered, &c.; desirably located; high ground, mile from village and depot; 18 miles in New Jersey. For sale cheap, with crops, stock, &c.
W. P. SEYMOUR, 171 Broadway.

A DESIRABLE RESIDENCE, 15 ROOMS, NEAT OUTbuildings, fruit, shade, &c., in abundance; 20 acres superior Land; beautifully located, near village and depot; 16 miles from city; Northern New Jersey Railroad. Other Residences and Farms, all sizes, prices and locations.
W. P. SEYMOUR, 171 Broadway.

A GOOD CHANCE FOR TRADE—FOR SALE OR EXchange, over 250 Farms and Country Seats, located in New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Long Island, Connecticut and Massachusetts. A first class Dairy Farm in Orange county, $13,000; also a beautiful House in West Thirty-fifth street, with all modern improvements, $8,000.
G. A. ROBINSON & CO., 25 Nassau street, rooms Nos. 4 and 5.

A SACRIFICE AND GOOD INVESTMENT—THREE story brick House, store and basement occupied; also a three story and basement on the rear; gas and Croton; lot 25x100; house substantial and in good repair, 422 Ninth avenue, fifty feet from corner Thirty seventh street; title good; $8,000 for the whole. THOS. SCANLAN, 10 West Sixteenth street.

A BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY SEAT, IN ONE OF THE most pleasant places on the Hudson, for sale on very easy terms; great varieties of fruit, shade trees, shrubbery, &c., all in good order.
SOUTHWICK & WOOD, 18 Pine street.

BRICK AND BROWN STONE—THIRTEEN ROOMS, all conveniences; house central, in city, for sale at a bargain; price $4,750; lot large to build on. Apply to JOHN DRUECKE, 325 East Tenth street, room No. 6.

COUNTRY SEAT AND FARM FOR SALE.—ONE OF the most pleasant residences and one of the best farms in the State of New Jersey, on the banks of the Raritan, directly opposite the city of New Brunswick. The house is [illegible] feet, two stories, attic and basement, with wings ...

## SALES OF REAL ESTATE.

IRON LANDS FOR SALE—100 ACRES OF VALUABLE Iron bed near Peekskill, Westchester county, within one quarter mile of Hudson river; also in proximity to railroad depot. For map and further particulars apply to A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO., 77 Cedar street.

I WANT TO PURCHASE FOR CASH A THREE OR four story brown stone House in a good location, from $14,000 to $20,000, between Fourth and Sixth avenues, and south of Forty seventh street. Will not buy near a corner or a stable. Apply to JOHN KAVANAGH, northeast corner of Forty second street and Sixth avenue.

PATENT FOR SALE.—THE ARTICLE OF UNIVERSAL demand and necessity, very cheaply made and affording extremely large profits; will take a partner or an organized company to manufacture.
SOUTHWICK & WOOD, 18 Pine street.

TO MECHANICS.—HOUSE AND SHOP NO. 159 EAST Thirty second street, one door from Third avenue, to lease or for sale; lot 25 feet by 125 feet; two story house and shop in rear. Apply to W. A. CARTER, 53 Cortlandt street, near Greenwich.

TWO LOTS WANTED—TO PURCHASE OR LEASE, between Wooster street and the Bowery. Address, stating location and price, Holsee & Kneeland, 100 Walker street, New York.

THREE LOTS FOR SALE—SOUTH SIDE OF THIRTY-third street, near Eleventh avenue, a desirable location for manufacturing purposes. Apply to WM. H. ROSS, No. 104 Broadway.

TENEMENT PROPERTY FOR SALE—CHEAP, ON Twenty ninth street, between Seventh and Eighth avenues; full lot; two four story brick buildings. Price $9,000; pays over 14 per cent interest; five years' lease. Apply to JOSEPH MASON, No. 5½ Pine street.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE—AT OYSTER Bay, Long Island, consisting of 2½ acres of land, with good dwelling house, nearly new; grist mill, saw and planing mill; also wharf, on which is a good brick office and about two hundred feet of shed room, containing a stock of lumber; now doing a good cash business. For further particulars inquire of W. A. TOOKER, 94 Chambers street.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.—FOR SALE, IN THE beautiful and growing village of West Mount Vernon, a substantial House, near the depot on the Harlem Railroad, 50 minutes from New York; house 35x30, with wing 16x16; three cottages in rear, suitable for boarding school, hotel, store or for private family; half acre of good garden, fine fruit, spring, &c. The whole in good order. Title perfect. Possession immediately. Terms easy. Price $4,000. Inquire of Mr. EDWARDS, Ticket Agent, West Mount Vernon station. Five trains on Sunday each way.

WANTED—TO PURCHASE OR LEASE FOR A TERM of years, within easy distance of New York, either in New York State or New Jersey, a Building suitable for a factory. Motive power (water preferred) must be from 100 to 150 horse power. Communications, with full particulars, may be addressed to box 2,912 New York Post office.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

A PLATFORM SCALE WANTED.—ANY PERSON having one, in good condition, can hear of a purchaser by addressing M. & M., box 162 Herald office.

COAL YARD WANTED.—A LIBERAL PRICE WILL be paid in cash for a Coal Yard and fixtures in a good location; will also buy the Coal. Address immediately H. Williamson, box 142 Herald office.

DIVORCE.—HAVING MADE THIS A SPECIAL study during many years' practice, the undersigned holds private consultations on the subject, either personally or by letter.
F. I. KING, Counsellor at Law, 335 Broadway.

DIVORCES LEGALLY PROCURED FOR PERSONS from any State or country, without publicity or change of residence. Incompatibility, desertion, nonsupport, drunkenness, &c., sufficient cause. Success guaranteed. Advice free and confidential. Apply to H. BATEMAN, Counsellor at Law, 37 Nassau street, opposite the Post office.

EAGLE WRINGER—NEW PATENT. NO TAX OR tariff to pay the monopoly. The cheapest and most durable wringer. Manufacturers are invited to examine this new patented invention, at the Inventor's Agency, 119 Nassau street.

FRENCH, SPANISH AND ENGLISH TRANSLATIONS made with great care and despatch. Address H. R., care of J. G. Tracy, 25½ Broadway, or box 1,368 New York Post office.

FLAGS, FLAGS, FLAGS.—TWENTY THOUSAND Union Muslin Flags, of various sizes, without sticks, for sale cheap. On receipt of $1 a complete set of samples will be forwarded post paid, by J. THOUBBORON, 28 Cedar street, New York.

"GET THE BEST."—DEALERS SEND STAMP FOR circulars. 20c. for sample of Album Gem Package; 30c. for 12 kinds of Album Cards in 7 oil colors. New York Agency, 37 and 39 Nassau street, N. Y.

MANHOOD AND THE VIGOR OF YOUTH RESTORED in four weeks by Dr. RICORD'S Essence of Life. This wonderful agent will restore manhood to the most shattered constitutions, whether arising from excesses, self abuse, the effects of climate or natural causes. The time required to cure the most inveterate case is four weeks. Failure is impossible. Dr. Ricord's Essence of Life is sold in cases, with instructions for use, for $3, or four quantities in one for $9. Sent carefully packed, on receipt of remittance by his accredited agent. Circular sent free on receipt of four stamps. PHILIP ROLAND, No. 467 Broome street, New York, one door west of Broadway.

MARBLE MANTELS.—A FINE SELECTION OF MARble Mantels on hand, and offered cheaper than anywhere else, at S. KLABER'S Marble Yard, 54 First avenue, near Third street, New York. Call and examine for yourself.

MARBLE MANTELS.—THE BEST PLACE IN THE city to purchase cheap and well finished Mantels is at A. KLABER'S Mantel Manufactory, 109 East Eighteenth street, near Third avenue, New York. ...

## LOST AND FOUND.

FOUND—ON MONDAY AFTERNOON, ABOUT SIX o'clock, going up town in a Sixth avenue car, a Portemonnaie containing a small amount of money, which will be returned to the owner on applying at the office of McCune, Scott & Cooper, 36 Murray street.

FOUND—ON THE 7TH OF JUNE, A RED AND white Calf, about eight or ten weeks old, which the owner can have by proving property and paying charges. Inquire of P. Abrams, 149 West Fifty second street.

LOST—A BLACK AND TAN DOG, ON MONDAY, about 6 o'clock P. M., with ears cut. Whoever returns him to 166 West Twenty-fourth street will be liberally rewarded.

LOST—TWO SAFE KEYS, TIED TOGETHER; SUPposed to have been lost on Long Island. A suitable reward will be given if left at 14 East Twenty ninth street.

LOST—$25 REWARD WILL BE PAID FOR THE REcovery of a letter of no use to any one but the owner. Lost in one of the rooms of the Metropolitan Hotel. No questions asked. Leave it at the office of the Metropolitan Hotel. ANTONIO L. BRIDAT.

LOST—ON SATURDAY, A BRASS NIGHT KEY AND two or three other small Keys on a ring, supposed to have been lost between Bowling Green and Nineteenth street, on Broadway. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving them at No. 24 Broadway.

LOST—ON SATURDAY EVENING, IN UNION square, a Wallet. Will finder return it, with such of the contents as are valueless to him, among which was an obituary notice, through the Post office, addressed to box 85.

LOST—IN A BROADWAY AND FOURTH AVENUE stage, on Saturday afternoon, or in getting out at the corner of Canal street, a pearl colored Parasol, with black lace cover. The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving it at Arnold, Constable & Co.'s, Canal street, corner of Mercer.

LOST—IN BROADWAY, ON MONDAY MORNING, A diamond Scarf Pin, set in jet. A reward of twenty dollars will be paid if returned to 127 Maiden lane.

LOST—A BLACK LEATHER POCKETBOOK, WITH seven or eight dollars in it, and a naturalization and other papers. The finder may keep the money, and have the kindness to send the book to T. Personal, 4[illegible] Broadway.

LOST—ON MONDAY LAST, IN ONE OF THE JERsey City stages, a Pocketbook, containing a Hair Ring and a small sum of Money. The finder will be liberally rewarded by returning it to Capwell & Kiemal, 254 Canal street, New York.

LOST—ON SATURDAY, JUNE 4, 1864, A SILK BASquine, in Catharine street, Brooklyn. A lady and gentleman were seen to pick it up. They will be liberally rewarded by leaving it at Carwin & Munsell's Long Island express for the loser. Miss M. Powell.

LOST—A BANK BOOK ON THE BOWERY SAVINGS ...

## THE TRADES.

A RESPECTABLE YOUNG MAN, AGED 14, WISHES to learn the cabinet and pocketbook making. Wages no object. Address T. M., Herald office.

BARBER WANTED—A FIRST CLASS BARBER, (colored), for the McHenry House, at Meadville, Pa. Wages from $5 to $9 per week and found. Situation permanent. Call for two days at No. 3 Whitehall st., between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M.

BLACKSMITHS.—TWO GOOD SMITHS WANTED, TO go a short distance in the country. Steady job. Inquire of N. F. Otis & Bro., 309 Broadway, between 1 and 2 o'clock.

COMPOSITORS.—SIX WANTED, AT DAWLEY'S, 13 Park row. Scale of prices paid.

PIANO MAKERS WANTED.—TWO KEY MAKERS wanted. None but good workmen need apply at Hazelton Brothers', 99 Prince st.

TO PRINTERS.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS PROOF reader or compositor. Address J. W., box 30 Herald office.

TO BOSS PLUMBERS.—WANTED, BY AN ACTIVE and intelligent boy, 15 years of age, a situation to learn the trade. For particulars address H. M., box 211 Herald office.

TO STONE CUTTERS.—WANTED, BY THE BIGELOW Blue Stone Company, at their works, at Malden, N. Y., fifty good stone cutters, to whom liberal wages will be paid. Apply for one week to A. Bigelow Kellogg, 14 Pine st., between the hours of 11 and 1.

TO BAKERS.—A COMPETENT AND EXPERIENCED German wants a situation as foreman on bread and cake. Call at 98 Jersey av., Jersey City.

TO BOOKBINDERS.—WANTED, TWO FINISHERS, on full bound and half bound blank books. Inquire at the corner of Bank and Bleecker sts., or 27 Beekman st.

TO PHOTOGRAPHERS.—A VERY ABLE AND EXperienced operator, quick and sure in his work, wants a steady situation. Salary moderate. Address E. J. Zimmerman, 131 Eighth avenue, above Sixteenth street.

TO BOSS PAINTERS AND OTHERS.—A FIRST CLASS glazier and glass cutter requires a situation; understands the mixing and manufacturing of colors; is an excellent painter; would prefer serving in a store and doing what work came in. Address T. Matthews, station A Post office, Spring street.

TYPE DRESSER—FIRST CLASS, WANTED BY L. Johnson & Co., 606 Sansom street, Philadelphia.

WANTED—SIX FIRST CLASS MOULDERS. APPLY to H. M. Worden, Bath iron founder, Bath, Maine.

WANTED—A FILE CUTTER, TO WORK AT RECUT...

## SHIPPING.

FOR LIVERPOOL—TAPSCOTT'S LINE.
Ship FRANCIS B. CUTTING sails June 8.
Ship HUGH A. BIRNE sails June 11.
Ship ANTARTIC sails June 13.
FOR LONDON.—X LINE.
Ship DANIEL WEBSTER sails to-morrow.
For Passage to or from the Old Country, or Drafts at the lowest possible rates, apply to TAPSCOTT, BROTHERS & CO., 86 South street.

For Shipping and Other Advertisements See Ninth and Tenth Pages.

## SALES AT AUCTION.

ALDRIDGE & SCOTT, AUCTIONEERS.—PEREMPtory sale of 117 Building Lots and the House and Grounds formerly owned and occupied by John H. Zabriskie, Esq., in Hudson City, N. J., on the Old Bergen Wood avenue, north of the reservoir. ALDRIDGE & SCOTT, Auctioneers, will sell, without reserve, to the highest bidder, on Friday, June 10, commencing at 2 o'clock P. M., on the ground, 117 valuable Building Lots, situated on the highest point of ground in the entire city of Hudson, commanding a view of Hackensack and Passaic rivers, Newark, Orange Mountain, Highlands of Neversink, &c., being the most beautiful panoramic view this side of the White Mountains. The streets on the above property are graded and ready for immediate occupancy. The House is a large and commodious frame building, built in modern style, containing 10 rooms, with a splendid cellar. The horse cars to Jersey City and Hoboken ferries pass within three minutes' walk of the property. Terms easy and made known on the day of sale. Remember the hour, 2 o'clock P. M., on the ground. Parties need not wait for dinner, as there will be a cold collation served up on the ground before and during the sale. For maps and full particulars apply to David Scott or E. O. Bramhall, No. 81 Montgomery street, Jersey City, or P. Aldridge, Post office, Hudson City. For passage to view the property before the sale apply as above.

DAVID SCOTT, AUCTIONEER.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF
100 LOTS
ON BERGEN HEIGHTS, NEW JERSEY.

DAVID SCOTT, Auctioneer, will sell at public auction, by order of Jacob Weart and Henry F. Cox, executors of the estate of Samuel Westcott, deceased, on
THURSDAY, JUNE 9, 1864,
commencing at 2 o'clock P. M., on the premises,
100 CHOICE
BUILDING LOTS AND PLOTS,
situated on Palisade, Tuers and Hudson avenues. Also, on Water, Church and Orchard streets, adjoining the seven cottages, Clifton place, and near the former residence of Henry Newkirk, deceased.
The above is beautifully located on and near the brow of Bergen Hill, overlooking the bay and harbor of New York and surrounding country. The neighborhood is first class. Many very elegant residences have been erected within the past two years, and the above property may be considered the most valuable on the entire heights.
Terms of sale.—10 per cent and auctioneer's fee ...

# NEWS FROM NORTH CAROLINA.

## Additional Details of the Calamity at Bachelor's Creek.

## COMPLETE LIST OF THE CASUALTIES, &c., &c., &c.

### Mr. George H. Hart's Despatches.

DISTRICT NORTH CAROLINA, BEAUFORT, May 26, 1864.

EXECUTION OF DESERTERS BY THE REBELS.

Six members of the First North Carolina Union regiment, captured by the rebels, were executed at Kinston on February 12. The penalty was in accordance with the laws of war, the deceased being deserters from the rebel ranks. Their names were Lewis O. Bryan, John L. Stanley, Mitchell Busick, Amos Amyett and Wm. Irving. I send a copy of a letter written by one of the six to his mother on the day prior to execution, and likewise one from the rebel chaplain subsequent to the event. The letter would indicate that he was prepared to meet his fate with the composure and fortitude of the truly brave man.

KINSTON PRISON, Feb. 11, 1864.

DEAR MOTHER—I am to be executed at twelve o'clock to-morrow. I feel prepared to go to a better world than this. Apply to Captain Wells, at Newbern, and get my bounty and wages. I should like to be carried to and buried at Trenton. John L. Stanley, Mitchell Busick, Amos Amyett and William Irving are to be executed with me. Farewell, dear mother. Your son,

LEWIS O. BRYAN.

Mrs. HOLLAND BRYAN, at Trenton, care of Benj. Askew.

FEBRUARY 12, 1864.

MRS. BRYAN—I trust you will sorrow not as those who have no hope. To-day at half-past twelve o'clock your son was executed. He died in the faith of the Christian, and I hope is better off. He desires his body to be removed to Jones county, and put in a grave there. So do all five express this same desire. This is a sad calamity indeed; but the laws of war are severe. Those who induced these misguided men to desert their country's flag ought to have been the first to suffer the penalty of the law. Respectfully,

JOHN PARIS,
Chaplain Fifty-fourth N. C. T.

INCIDENTS OF THE LATE ACCIDENT AT BACHELORS CREEK.

The larger proportion of the victims were killed instantly. The few who were spared are so greatly mutilated in many instances as to be past all human aid.

Many of those killed are so seriously mutilated and dismembered as to be unrecognizable to their dearest friends. The soldiers moved anxiously from spot to spot seeking familiar tokens to recognize the ghastly relics of what was once a comrade. In this way Commissary Sergeant H. Jones, of the One Hundred and Thirty-second New York, was identified, or, properly speaking, a part of him. An arm was noticed by one of the regiment which bore on one of the fingers a ring that was recognized as belonging to the sergeant.

Many similar circumstances occurred. An approximate idea may be conceived of the difficulty in identifying individuals when I state that three hard bread boxes were filled with fragments of flesh picked up on the spot, and the locomotive attached to the train was thickly covered with fragments of shattered humanity. Strange to say the train received little or no injury, a passenger car being partly demolished and the locomotive slightly battered.

The torpedoes contained 250 pounds of powder, and were made in barrels, environed with heavy iron hoops, and were constructed by Lieutenant King.

From previous experiment they were found to answer all the requirements for destruction, and in this instance gave terrible proof of their efficiency. The effects of the explosion in some instances were quite remarkable. A man in the commissary building at the time, bending over a barrel of rice, had large numbers of grains imbedded in his face. He died.

Frank Foull was engaged in drawing whiskey from a barrel, the explosion forced out the head of the barrel and threw him headlong into the same. He was badly but not dangerously injured, and is fast recovering.

A boy, Frank Gould, eleven years of age, whose parents reside in Newbern, displayed much heroism. One of his legs was severely injured, so much so as apparently to demand amputation; but the little fellow entreated the surgeon with such eloquent appeals to save it, telling him—"Doctor, I can stand any amount of pain, but don't take off my leg," that the doctor has thus far consented to let it remain.

Thomas A. Stewart, One Hundred and Fifty-eighth New York, was blown up into the air, but save a few bruises is uninjured.

The horse of Adjutant Palmer, One Hundred and Fifty-eighth New York, by its sagacity saved its master's life. Contrary to its usual behavior, it showed great uneasiness, being restive and apparently much terrified. The Adjutant, who was on him, was quite surprised at this terror, never before displayed at sight of the locomotive, and finally rode forward several feet. The horse still evinced unusual fear, and, a few seconds before the explosion, made several sudden bounds away from the spot, evidently possessing a prescience of the coming danger.

I append a list of casualties:—

LIST OF CASUALTIES.

*One Hundred and Thirty-second New York Regiment.*

Major Hensline, wounded, not dangerously.
Commissary Sergeant H. Jones, killed; blown in pieces.
Bryant Carney, B, killed.
Patrick Gorman, B, missing; probably blown in pieces.
Conrad Liebacker, B, missing; probably blown in pieces.
Edward Jaspert, B, missing; probably blown in pieces.
Corporal John Farrell, wounded in hand and leg badly.
Sergeant Sanford, C, killed.
James Burns, C, killed.
August Bath, ambulance driver, killed.
Michael Brown, D, wounded.
J. Hendricks, E, detailed in commissary, killed.
Henry Peterman, E, killed.
John Black, E, killed.
Thos. Condess, E, killed.
Arthur McManomy, E, teamster, killed.
Charles Hampton, E, killed.
Frank Lowler, E, wounded.
William Brown, E, wounded.
Hedfy McFarland, F, musician, killed.
Stephen Pine, F, acting wagon master, killed.
James McGee, F, teamster, killed.
Richard Washburne, F, killed.
Daniel Murphy, F, severely wounded.
John Tomplin, F, slightly wounded.
Minne Gallagher, F, slightly wounded.

# SUPPLEMENT TO THE HERALD.

NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 8, 1864.

Senate; in the February following, a member of the Privy Council; on the 22d of July, 1859, Chancellor of the Legion of Honor.

However posterity may judge of the Duke of Malakhoff's character, no one will deny that he was a brave and self-sacrificing soldier, though he was a bluff and free spoken one. Hippolyte Castille, in a very favorable biography of him, prefixes the simple motto, "Æs triplex." However this may have been intended, the motto is exactly significant of the marshal's character in its best as in its least praiseworthy phases.

It has been the good fortune of the Duke of Malakhoff to be enabled, by the wise thoughtfulness and statesmanlike tolerance of the Emperor, to blot out the remembrance of Colonel Pelissier's dealings with the Arabs in his "green and salad days." When the Arabs lately petitioned the Emperor for protection against the encroachments of French settlers, it was through the veteran Duke that the Emperor transmitted to them the noble message, "Remember that I am the Emperor of the Arabs as well as Emperor of the French!" and the Duke set himself loyally to work to carry out this great maxim of the highest State policy with a zeal and success which have only stopped short of the most lasting good results because the aged Governor General has been suddenly removed from his turbulent but not inglorious proconsulate.

## The Navy.

BIENVILLE, 12 GUNS.—The United States steamer Bienville, after a long cruise in the Gulf and other squadrons, during which time she has served as flagship off the Texan coast, returned to this port for repairs. She has been thoroughly overhauled, refitted and repaired, and went into commission at one o'clock yesterday. Her destination is not known, but we understand she is ordered for special service. The following is a list of her officers:—

*Commander*—J. R. M. Mullany.
*First Lieutenant and Executive Officer*—Henry L. Howison.
*Acting Master*—F. N. Moyer.
*Surgeon*—A. C. Rhoades.
*Paymaster*—W. Wallace Goodwin.
*Acting Ensigns*—Emile Bofer, Silas W. Hempton, Francis O. Abbott.
*Engineers*—Chief, Wm. P. Wright; First Assistant, Warren Ewen; Second Assistants, O. O. Brightman, E. D. Merritt; Third Assistants, D. J. O. Keefe, Edward Torfallas, James Esler, Edward Lyon.
*Acting Master's Mates*—John R. Lee, Thomas H. Soule.
*Acting Gunner*—W. T. Lafarge.
*Paymaster's Clerk*—H. O. Turner.
*Captain's Clerk*—George A. Ebberts.

CHICKOPEE, 10 GUNS.—The gunboat Chickopee sailed for the South on June 6, 1864. The following is a list of her officers:—

*Commander*—A. D. Harrell.
*Lieutenant*—E. A. Walker.
*Acting Assistant Paymaster*—James H. Holford, Jr.
*Acting Assistant Surgeon*—George L. Simpson.
*Acting Ensigns*—J. D. Wells, Albert D. Henderson, B. Crandell, James A. Crossman.
*Acting Master's Mates*—Joseph Belcher, Charles C. Johnson, George H. Goodmanson.
*Engineers*—Chief, B. B. H. Wharton; Second Assistant, A. M. Pollard; Third Assistants, Daniel M. Egbert, James H. Urham, A. G. Bonsell.
*Paymaster's Clerk*—J. Henry Priest.

## The Tax Commissioner Difficulty.

SUPREME COURT—GENERAL TERM.

Before Judges Clerke, Leonard and Sutherland.

JUNE 7.—The Tax Commissioner case was fully argued to-day by Messrs. McKeon and Noyes on the part of the old board, and ex-Judge Allen on behalf of the new appointees. The counsel for the old Commissioners took the ground that the present proceeding was unusual and irregular, and that the proper way to get possession of the papers was by means of a quo warranto, when all the facts connected with the case could be submitted to a jury. Ex-Judge Allen replied in a speech of about an hour, and cited numerous authorities to controvert the arguments of his opponents. The court room was crowded with the friends of the contending parties, who seemed to take a deep interest in the proceedings. The argument having been concluded, Judge Leonard announced that the decision would be reserved until the 18th inst., to which date he ordered the court to be adjourned.

## Suit for Slander.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM.

Before Judge Robertson.

JUNE 7.—*Amelia Beer vs. Samuel Mathews.*—This was an action for slander, damages being laid at one thousand dollars. The plaintiff, who is an aged widow, alleges that on the 31st of July, 1863, in the presence of divers good and worthy citizens, the defendant called her a "liar" and an "impostor," and said she was a "bad woman," who went about "pilfering," meaning thereby that she was a woman of unchaste character, and was guilty of obtaining money under false pretences. In explanation the plaintiff states that there was an old balance due her husband by the defendant, and that these slanderous remarks were made while she was dunning him for the money.

The defence set up was a general denial, the defendant swearing positively that he never made use of the indelicate language imputed to him. In reference to the claim made against him by the plaintiff on account of her husband, he stated that the latter had not been in his employment since 1850, and that when he left there was nothing owing to him. Mr. Mathews acknowledged the fact of Mrs. Beer calling upon him in reference to this claim, but denied using any slanderous language. He might have told her that she was a "wicked woman" to be running after him about such a trifling matter, but nothing further.

There was a strong array of witnesses on each side, and the testimony was of a conflicting character. Verdict for the plaintiff of $150, with costs.

## Police Intelligence.

HIGHWAY ROBBERY IN THE SEVENTH AVENUE—TWO OF THE PERPETRATORS ARRESTED.—Two young men, giving their names as Patrick Hoosey and John Dorsey, were arrested on Monday night, charged with highway robbery, on complaint of Philip McGovern, residing at 132 West Twenty-eighth street. It appears that McGovern was passing through Seventh avenue, near Twenty-eighth street, when he was violently assaulted by the prisoners and another man, who, after knocking him down, rifled his pockets of a silver watch and a small amount of money, with which they escaped. McGovern screamed for help, and in running away the prisoners were intercepted by officer McConnell, of the Twentieth precinct. They resisted for a time, but, finding it useless, they quietly accompanied him to the station house and were locked up for the night. Yesterday Justice Ledwith committed the prisoners for trial, in default of $1,500 bail each.

THE GRAND STREET ARSON CASE—MARKS TOPLITZ HELD TO BAIL IN FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS.—It will be recollected that Marks Toplitz was arrested a short time ago on a warrant issued by Recorder Hoffman, wherein he was charged with feloniously setting fire to his hat and cap store, No. 358½ Grand street, on the 15th of February last. The case has been presented by Fire Marshal Baker before the Recorder for some two weeks past. Yesterday the Recorder made a decision in the case on the evidence presented, and required the defendant to give bail in the sum of $5,000 to answer the charge.

THE AFFAIR OF OFFICER BEAM.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

SIR—In your journal of the 6th inst. your reporter states that officer Beam, of the Eleventh precinct, was called in by the proprietor of a liquor store in that precinct to quell a fight going on among some roughs and rowdies, when he was immediately set upon by the cowardly ruffians and beat in a most shocking and brutal manner. Three brothers, Thomas, Edward and James Maloy, were arrested and charged with being the ringleaders in the attack. This, sir, I deny in toto. My brother Thomas and a friend were skylarking in the said store, when officer Beam rushed in and told them to clear out or he would club them. Not feeling disposed to comply, nor fearing the club of an officer, they refused, when he attempted to enforce his demand by the free exercise of his club. My place of business being nearly opposite, and hearing the noise, I ran over and found Thomas Maloy and officer Beam on the floor. I separated them immediately, for which officer Beam seemed grateful. Subsequently two officers came to his aid, when he seemed to be suddenly inspired, became valiant, and in the most tragical manner drew his revolver, declared I was one of the ringleaders, and demanded my arrest. Sir, the proprietor of the said store is not only prepared to corroborate the above, but prefer charges against the said officer at the proper time. But this matter shall not end here. I am determined to ascertain if these officers that the people are taxed so heavily to pay for preserving the law can become its violators with impunity. Sir, when such statements from such sources receive publicity through your paper, injurious to my character, then I ask the same right of access to its columns to place my calumniators in that contemptible position that falsehood must occupy when truth prevails. Most respectfully, your obedient servant,

EDWARD C. MALOY, 395 East Tenth street.

NEW SUBMARINE BATTERY.—A submarine battery passed through the city yesterday from Massachusetts, where it was manufactured. It is some new invention that is to be tested in the East river. It is thirty feet long, and weighs upwards of fifteen tons. When in use it is entirely under water, with no communication with the surface, except through air tubes. It has several small glass windows in the sides, through which, it is claimed, the operators are enabled to see a distance of two hundred and forty feet in every direction. It is propelled by six men, who work at the crank. The machine is what might be called "segar shape," and can be raised to the surface or lowered into the depths of the sea at pleasure. If successful it must prove a formidable weapon to an enemy's shipping.—*New Haven Journal, June 7.*

SUMMARY PROCEEDING.—A government disbursing official who has been losing heavily at the gaming table in this city, within a few weeks, was arrested a day or two ago, and, upon being questioned in reference to the government funds, admitted that he lost at play some nine thousand dollars. On his information an order was issued directing the gambling houses in which the money had been lost to be visited, and the keepers to take the choice of handing over the money lost at their places or to go to Fort Lafayette. Two or three complied; but one, who was not disposed to do so, was placed under arrest and his house taken possession of. When about to be removed to Fort Lafayette he agreed to hand over the amount demanded, and on doing so was liberated. Nearly all the money lost was recovered.—*Philadelphia Ledger, June 7.*

## BOARDING AND LODGING.

A MOST ELEGANT PARLOR FLOOR AND SOME very fine Rooms on the third floor to let, at 18 Ninth street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues, with or without first class Board, in French and German styles. A German family of the highest respectability keeps the house. References exchanged.

A FEW NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET—with Board, in a brown stone house, containing modern improvements. Apply at 236 West Twenty-second street, between Seventh and Eighth avenues.

A GENTLEMAN AND LADY CAN OBTAIN NEATLY Furnished Rooms, either single or en suite, in a small private family, with or without Board, by applying at 173 Thompson street (Depau place), between Houston and Bleecker streets.

A LARGE AND PLEASANT FRONT ROOM TO LET—With Board, in a private family, to a gentleman and wife or two gentlemen. House new. Location for business men excellent. References exchanged. Apply at 164 Bleecker street.

A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE AND A FEW SINGLE gentlemen can obtain pleasant Furnished Rooms, with Board, in a quiet family in a desirable and convenient location; references required. Inquire at 165 East Eighteenth street.

A SPANISH FAMILY WILL RENT A FEW Rooms, furnished or unfurnished, with or without Board. Apply at 23 East Fourth street.

A VERY DESIRABLE SUIT OF ROOMS, WITH Board, can be obtained at 15 Ashland place, corner of Waverley place. References required.

A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE OR A FEW SINGLE gentlemen can be accommodated with pleasant Rooms and good Board where the comforts of a home can be enjoyed. House has all the modern improvements and is pleasantly located. Apply at 193 East Twentieth street, near Second avenue.

A SMALL FAMILY WOULD LET A LARGE, NICELY furnished Room, on second floor, front; also a small Room, with Board or without. Call at 215 West Thirtieth street, between Eighth and Ninth avenues.

A PRIVATE FAMILY AT 48 WEST TWELFTH street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues, can accommodate a gentleman and wife and two single gentlemen with pleasant Furnished Rooms and first class Board. References required. Servants and children not taken.

A PARLOR AND BEDROOM, HANDSOMELY FURnished, may be had with Board at 74 East Twenty-third street, near Fourth avenue. Also a Room for two single gentlemen.

A ROOM AND BEDROOM TO LET—WITH BOARD, in an American family, at 64 East Twenty-seventh street, between Lexington and Fourth avenues. Call for three days.

A DESIRABLE FURNISHED ROOM TO LET, WITHout board, in a private family. Apply at 207 West Twenty-second street (new number.)

A FINE SUIT OF ROOMS AND TWO SINGLE ROOMS, complete, with gas, bath, water closets, &c., neatly furnished, with Board, in a first class house, new, near Union square; 77 West Seventeenth street.

A LADY, HAVING TAKEN A LARGE HOUSE, would take a few Boarders; rooms and table unexceptionable. Inquire at 182 Ninth avenue, one door below Twenty-third street.

A FEW FURNISHED ROOMS FOR GENTLEMEN, with partial board. Pleasant location. 14 East Twenty-fourth street.

A FINE HALL ROOM TO LET—TO A SINGLE GENtleman, at $6. Also a Room to let suitable for two gentlemen or a gentleman and wife. House has all modern improvements. 201 West Eighteenth street.

A VERY FINE SUIT OF TWO ELEGANTLY FURnished Front Rooms to let, with good Board, at 122 Madison avenue near Thirty-first street; house first class; location unexceptionable. References required.

A GENTLEMAN AND HIS WIFE, OR TWO SINGLE gentlemen, can obtain Board, with a pleasant Room, in a private family, at 143 East Thirtieth street, between Lexington and Third avenues.

A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE OR ONE OR TWO young men would be accommodated with Board; family and house pleasant; East Thirty-fifth street. Apply to Mr. SMITH, office Frankfort House, corner of Frankfort and William streets.

A VERY PRETTY SUIT OF HANDSOMELY AND newly Furnished Rooms to let, to one or two gentlemen, at 20 West Twenty-fourth street, near the Fifth Avenue Hotel. The coolest and most desirable rooms in town.

A WIDOW LADY HAVING ONE SINGLE ROOM ON third floor more than she needs, would rent it, furnished or unfurnished, to a quiet respectable female. Apply at 571 Broadway.

A VERY PLEASANT SUIT OF ROOMS, AT 15 BOND street, is to be let, with or without good Board, where applicants will find a comfortable home. Permanent boarders preferred.

AT 93 ST. MARK'S PLACE (EIGHTH STREET)—Gentlemen and their wives and single gentlemen can obtain excellent Board and newly furnished Rooms. House contains all the modern improvements. Broadway stages pass the door.

AT THE GRANT HOUSE, 44 NEW BOWERY, BEtween Chatham square and Chambers street, five minutes from Broadway, convenient to business and regular board. Rooms 25 to 50 cents per day, $1 25 to $3 per week. Open all night.

AT THE FRANKFORT HOUSE, ONE BLOCK EAST of the City Hall, corner of Frankfort and William streets, 250 neatly furnished, light Rooms. A room to one person, 25c. to 50c. per day; $1 25 to $3 per week. House open all night.

AT 170, 172 AND 174 BLEECKER STREET, SIX blocks west of Broadway—Pleasant Rooms, with excellent Board, from $5 to $10 per week; families accordingly. Also at Cliffwood Hotel; fine groves, splendid sea bathing, fishing, &c.

AT 84 MACDOUGAL STREET—A NEATLY FURnished Room to let to gentlemen, with Board. References exchanged.

AN ELEGANTLY FURNISHED PARLOR AND TWO large Bedrooms to let, with or without Board, in a first class house near the Fifth Avenue Hotel. References exchanged. Apply at 47 East Twenty-third street.

BOARD—WASHINGTON SQUARE.—A FAMILY AND one or two single gentlemen desiring very superior accommodations, will find at 103 Waverley place elegant and airy apartments, en suite or separate, to let, with first class Board. Unexceptionable references will be given and required.

BOARD—A NEW AND COMMODIOUS HOUSE AT Katonah, upon the New York and Harlem Railroad, and near Croton river, is now open for boarders. Rooms large and well furnished. References exchanged. Address J. H. Whitlock, Katonah, N. Y.; or R. J. Boltimore, Esq., 229 Fulton street; or A. A. Curtis, Esq., 75 Duane street.

BOARD.—GENTLEMEN AND THEIR WIVES, AND single gentlemen, can be accommodated with large Furnished Rooms and Board at moderate terms. Apply at 162 West Twenty-sixth street.

BOARD.—A PLEASANT FRONT ROOM ON SECOND floor, with Hall Bedroom communicating, to let, at 70 Irving place, near Eighteenth street, to an agreeable family of boarders.

BOARD.—A BEAUTIFUL FRONT ROOM, WELL FURnished, pleasant and airy, will be let to a single gentleman, very cheap, without board, at 451 Hudson street. Everything O. K. Call and see.

BOARD.—A LARGE AND ELEGANT PARLOR Floor, with Extension, furnished or unfurnished, with or without Board, at 123 Waverley place, near Washington square, on reasonable terms for the summer.

BOARD.—A VERY DESIRABLE SUIT OF ROOMS TO let, with full or partial Board, in a first class house, with all the modern improvements; also a small Room. Apply at 118 West Twenty-third street. Terms moderate. References exchanged.

BOARD.—FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET, TO GENtlemen and ladies; Board for ladies only, transient or permanent. House quiet. Also, wanted—A woman for general housework, at 220 Sullivan street, near Amity.

BOARDING, BY THE DAY OR WEEK.—SEVERAL desirable Rooms, either permanently or transiently, at reasonable prices, at 55 East Twenty-eighth street, a few doors from Fourth avenue.

BOARD WANTED—IN BROOKLYN.—A GENTLEMAN wishes to engage permanent Board for himself, wife, child and nurse, for the summer and winter. Two good Rooms (furnished) required. Terms to be moderate. Address box 1,011 Post office, New York.

BOARD WANTED—BY A LADY, IN A PLAIN, REspectable family or private boarding house, above Nineteenth street and east of Broadway. Terms must be moderate; place permanent. References exchanged. Will pay in advance. Call on or address Mrs. WARNICK, 187 West Twentieth street, corner of Eighth avenue.

BOARD WANTED—BY A GENTLEMAN, IN YONKERS, Hastings or Dobb's Ferry; must be near depot in a private family with good accommodations for horse, for which a good price will be paid. References exchanged. Address box 5,269 New York Post office.

BOARD WANTED—FROM THE FIRST OF JULY, IN a private family, where there are none or but few boarders taken, and who can dispose of the whole second or third floor, to a gentleman and wife willing to pay a reasonable price for suitable accommodation. None but a genteel, respectable family need answer the above. Location to be between Twenty-seventh and Thirty-fourth streets and Madison avenue and Broadway. Address A. B., box 1,015 New York Post office, stating location, rooms, terms, &c. References given and required.

BOARD ON BROOKLYN HEIGHTS.—ROOMS SUITAble for a family or single gentlemen, convenient to Wall street or Fulton ferry. Apply at 133 Henry street.

BOARD ON BROOKLYN HEIGHTS.—A VERY DEsirable suite of Rooms, also one large Corner Room will be vacated about the middle of June at 105 Pierrepont street, corner of Clinton.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—A SECOND STORY FRONT hall Room, also a nicely furnished attic Room, with Board, at 177 Henry street.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—TWO SINGLE GENTLEmen can be accommodated with separate Rooms. Reference required. Apply at 118 Congress street.

BOARD ON BROOKLYN HEIGHTS.—PLEASANT second story Rooms, neatly furnished, with bathroom adjoining. Also a Suit of Rooms on third story. Only a few Boarders taken. Apply at 134 Henry street, near Pierrepont, between Wall and Fulton ferries.

BROOKLYN.—GENTLEMEN CAN OBTAIN BOARD and comfortably Furnished Rooms, in a French family; house contains all modern improvements; near two ferries, and in a select neighborhood. Apply at 55 Cheever place, between Harrison and Degraw streets, Brooklyn.

BROOKLYN.—A HANDSOME SECOND FLOOR FRONT Room, to let, with Board, to two single gentlemen. Location pleasant and convenient to Fulton avenue and Atlantic street cars. Also, a Hall Room for one gentleman. Dinner at 6½ P. M. Address or apply to Mrs. Perry, 222 Livingston street, Brooklyn.

## BOARDING AND LODGING.

BROOKLYN.—A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE OR TWO or three single gentlemen can obtain pleasant Rooms, with good Board; also strangers visiting the city can procure transient Board, by applying at 71 State street. References exchanged.

BROOKLYN.—A PRIVATE FAMILY, HAVING MORE room than they can occupy, will let, with Board, a third story front and back Room; also an adjoining Hall Bedroom. For particulars apply at 105 Lawrence street.

BROOKLYN BOARD.—A LARGE, AIRY AND WELL furnished second story Room to let, with Board, in a private family. Apply at 137 Clinton street, between Amity and Congress streets.

BROADWAY.—FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET—TO single gentlemen, without Board, at 852 Broadway. References exchanged.

EXCELLENT BOARD—WITH CHOICE OF PARLOR Floor or Second Story, can be had at private house 58 East Twenty-fifth street, between Madison and Lexington avenues, for a family of good standing.

FREE DIRECTIONS TO DESIRABLE BOARDING on Greenwich avenue, Union square, Twenty-second, Twenty-eighth, Thirtieth, Thirty-second and Thirty-third streets, and Staten Island, Perth Amboy, Keyport, Harlem, Melrose, Manhattanville ($5 to $8), Sing Sing, on Hudson; Port Jervis, Preston, Conn; Fort Lee, Bridgeport, &c.

JONES & CO.'S Board Bureau, 713 Broadway.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET—TO RESPECTABLE families or gentlemen. Apply at 210 Elm street, near Spring.

FURNISHED ROOMS WITH BEDROOMS CAN BE had in a private family, for single gentlemen, at 16 Amity place, between Bleecker and Amity streets.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET—TO SINGLE GENTLEmen, with Board, at 35 Amity street; house has all modern improvements. References exchanged.

FURNISHED ROOM TO LET—TO ONE OR TWO gentlemen; terms $5 or $7. Apply at 209 West Thirty-first street.

FURNISHED ROOMS CAN BE HAD BY GENTLEmen without board, in a private family; gas, bath, &c.; handy to cars and stages. Call and see them at No. 4 second street, first house from the Bowery.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET—WITH ALL CONVEniences, in a private family. Address No. 99 Seventh street.

FURNISHED ROOMS—TO LET, TO A LADY AND gentleman; Board for the lady only. For particulars inquire at 171½ Thompson street, near Bleecker, of Mrs. Davis.

FURNISHED ROOMS—WITH GAS, HOT AND COLD water baths, at the House of Commons, 25 West Houston street, near Broadway. Apply to JAMES CONNER, up stairs.

FRENCH BOARD.—WELL FURNISHED PARLORS, with Bedrooms, on first and second floors, to let to desirable parties, with a first class table. Also, Rooms for single gentlemen. References exchanged. Apply at 47 West Twelfth street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues.

GENTLEMEN CAN BE ACCOMMODATED WITH Rooms at No. 2 West Thirteenth street, first house west of Fifth avenue. Breakfast if desired.

HANDSOMELY FURNISHED DOUBLE AND SINGLE Rooms for gentlemen on first and third floors at 29 Fifth avenue, with breakfast, if requested.

IN A PRIVATE FAMILY—FURNISHED APARTMENTS, with all the modern improvements; large Rooms or Parlor on second floor. Apply at 114 West Twenty-fifth street. An eligible situation and respectable neighborhood.

MRS. G. R. BINE CAN ACCOMMODATE A FEW young men with pleasant Rooms and Board for $4 or $5 per week at 94 South Eighth street Williamsburg, where all the comforts of a home can be found. Also gentleman and wife, on reasonable terms.

"MEALS"—A FEW GENTLEMEN CAN BE ACCOMmodated with Meals, without lodgings, at 53 East Broadway.

NO. 53 CLINTON PLACE, NEAR FIFTH AVENUE. Several pleasant and well furnished Rooms, with Board. Dinner at six o'clock.

ONE OR TWO GENTLEMEN CAN BE ACCOMMOdated with a large Furnished Room, closets, &c.; also a single Room, with a private family. House has all improvements. References required. Apply at 67 Amity st.

PLEASANT ROOMS MAY BE OBTAINED, WITH Board, at 68 Warren street, Brooklyn; location pleasant and convenient to ferries.

PARLOR AND BEDROOM TO LET—TO A GENTLEman and wife or one or more gentlemen, handsomely furnished, where they will have the comforts of a home; in a pleasant location, on Sixth avenue, near Twenty-ninth street. Inquire at 470 Sixth avenue, third floor.

PLEASANT ROOMS TO LET—WITH OR WITHOUT Board, to single gentlemen or to gentlemen and their wives, where there are not many boarders—67 East Thirty-first street, between Fourth and Lexington avenues.

ROOMS TO LET IN A PRIVATE HOUSE.—A FEW nicely Furnished Rooms, with or without Board, to single gentlemen; location between Seventh and Tenth streets. Terms moderate. Address Visitor, Herald office.

SECOND STORY FRONT ROOM AND BEDROOM TO rent—With Board, in a house with all the modern improvements, to a gentleman and wife, at 147 West Fourth street, near Washington Parade Ground.

TO LET—IN A PRIVATE FAMILY, A NEWLY FURnished Front Room and Bedroom, suitable for two gentlemen or lady and gentleman. Terms moderate. Apply at 141 Fourth avenue, near Fourteenth street.

TO LET—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED ROOMS, WITH or without Board, at 24 West Twelfth street.

TO LET—A NEATLY FURNISHED FRONT ROOM and Bedroom, to a gentleman and wife. Also, two small Rooms to single gentlemen. House has all modern improvements and is convenient to cars and stages. Apply at 37 West Forty-first street, between Broadway and Sixth avenue.

TO LET—THREE ROOMS, AT 10 WEST ELEVENTH street, four doors west of Broadway, furnished. Gas, hot and cold water.

TO LET—A SUIT OF ROOMS ON SECOND FLOOR, furnished or unfurnished, with Board. Also a hall Bedroom and a Room on third floor, suitable for a gentleman and wife or for one single gentleman. Apply at 64 East Twenty-seventh street.

TWO GENTLEMEN CAN BE ACCOMMODATED WITH a Furnished Room and Board. Also a handsome Floor, furnished or unfurnished, with or without Board—510 Sixth avenue, between Thirtieth and Thirty-first streets.

TO LET—NEAR ABINGDON SQUARE, BY AN AMErican family, a large, neatly furnished Front Room, second floor, with gas, nice closet, &c., and use of bathroom, to a gentleman. Rare chance for one wishing a quiet place where there are no other rooms let or to be let. Inquire for two days, during the day, of D. P. Upham, corner of Bank and West streets, or address station C.

TWO OR THREE GENTLEMEN CAN BE FURNISHed by a private family, with comfortable furnished Rooms in a new house in Jersey City. Address box 345 Jersey City Post office.

TWO FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET—WITH BOARD, to single gentlemen or gentlemen and their wives, on second and third floors; terms reasonable. For further particulars inquire at 125 Ninth avenue, corner of Nineteenth street.

TO GENTLEMEN.—NICELY FURNISHED AND pleasant Rooms can be had at 22 Prince street, one block west of Broadway.

UNE FAMILIA ESPANOLA ALQUILA CUARTOS, amueblados y desamueblados con o sin comidad. Dirigeanse al No. 23 Calle Cuarta al este, cerca de Broadway.

VERY DESIRABLE ROOMS, FURNISHED, WITH OR without board, can be obtained at moderate rates at 157 East Twentieth street. Persons of religious habits preferred.

WANTED—BOARD FOR A LADY, IN A QUIET REspectable family, where she may find the comforts of a home on moderate terms, and where few or no other boarders are taken. Location anywhere between Fourth and Twenty-seventh streets and Fourth and Seventh avenues. Address M. N. T., Herald office.

WANTED—BY A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE, IN A respectable family (private preferred), a furnished Parlor and Bedroom, with Board. Address E. M., box 98 Post office.

WANTED—BOARD, BY A YOUNG LADY, IN A private family, as a recompense for music lessons. Address J. S. S., Brooklyn Post office.

WANTED TO LET—A PARLOR AND ROOM, UNfurnished, in a private family, with or without Board, at 95 West Twenty-seventh street. Gas and bathroom.

$5 TO $12 PER WEEK FOR BOARD, WITH ROOMS—at Dupont House, corner of Hudson and Laight streets, opposite St. John's Park. Rooms without Board, and Board without rooms at reasonable rates. Also lodgings. Watchman all night.

15 WEST TWENTY-FOURTH STREET.—A HANDSOME Suit of Rooms, second floor, front, and one Suit third floor, back, can now be had with full Board at reasonable prices. Also, two or three Rooms for single gentlemen. Unquestionable references given and required.

56 EAST SEVENTEENTH STREET, THIRD DOOR from Union square; a very fine large Room on third floor front to let with Board. All modern improvements. Dinner at 6.

164 WEST THIRTY-FOURTH STREET, BETWEEN Sixth and Seventh avenues—Handsomely Furnished Rooms to let, with or without Board, in a first class boarding house; house has all the modern improvements; hot and cold water in every room; house just opened, so that a choice of rooms can be had by applying immediately. References exchanged. Private table if desired.

## PROPOSALS.

CITY INSPECTOR'S DEPARTMENT, No. 19 City Hall square, Chatham street.

The proposals heretofore received for cleaning the streets, &c., being either informal or at a higher rate than authorized by law, new proposals for cleaning the streets, &c., pursuant to the agreement and specifications modified, as hereinafter mentioned, which were heretofore published, and bearing date the 10th day of May, 1864, will be received at the office of the City Inspector, No. 19 City Hall square, Chatham street, until Monday, the 13th day of June instant, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at which place and hour such proposals will be publicly opened and read. The agreement and specifications are modified, as follows:—

1. The city will supply, at the expense of the contractor, the necessary dumping grounds, to be designated by the Mayor, Comptroller and City Inspector, or any two of them, at the rates usually paid for piers or bulkheads similarly located.

2. The construction of the boats or scows used in the performance of the contract shall be approved by the Mayor, Comptroller and City Inspector, or any two of them.

3. The Croton water necessary for the performance of the contract will be furnished, at the expense of the contractor, by the city, at the rates established by the Croton Aqueduct Board.

C. GODFREY GUNTHER, Mayor.
MATTHEW T. BRENNAN, Comptroller.
F. I. A. BOOLE, City Inspector.

## FINANCIAL.

PROPOSALS FOR LOAN.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, June 2, 1864.

To ensure the greatest possible vigor in the operations of the armies now moving against the insurgents, under brave and skilful generals, upon a vast theatre of operations, expenditures have been increased beyond receipts from revenue and ordinary subscriptions to the national loan.

Sealed offers will, therefore, be received at this Department under the act of March 3, 1863, until noon of Wednesday, the 15th day of June, 1864, for bonds of the United States to the amount of seventy-five millions of dollars, bearing an annual interest of six per cent, payable semi-annually in coin on the first days of July and January each year, and redeemable after the 30th of June, 1881.

Each offer must be for fifty or one hundred dollars, or some multiple of one hundred dollars, and must state the sum, including premium, offered for each hundred dollars in bonds, or for fifty, when the offer is for no more than fifty. Two per cent of the principal, excluding premium, of the whole amount offered must be deposited, as guaranty for payment of subscription if accepted, with the Treasurer of the United States at Washington, or with the Assistant Treasurer at New York, Boston, Philadelphia or St. Louis; or with the Designated Depositary at Baltimore, Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Louisville, Chicago, Detroit, or Buffalo; or with any National Banking Association authorized to receive deposits which may consent to transact the business without charge. Duplicate certificates of deposits will be issued to depositors by the officer or association receiving them; the originals of which must be forwarded with the offers to the department. All deposits should be made in time for advice of offers with certificates to reach Washington not later than the morning of June 15. No offer not accompanied by its proper certificate of deposit will be considered.

The Coupon and Registered Bonds issued will be of the denominations of $50, $100, $500 and $1,000. Registered Bonds of $5,000 and $10,000 will also be issued if required.

All offers received will be opened on Wednesday, the 15th of June, by the Secretary or one of the Assistant Secretaries, and notice of acceptance or declination will be immediately given to the respective offerers; and, in case of acceptance, bonds of the descriptions and denominations preferred will be sent to the subscribers at the cost of the Department, on final payment of instalments. The original deposit of two per cent will be reckoned in the last instalment paid by successful offerers and will be immediately returned to those whose offers may not be accepted.

The amount of accepted offers must be deposited with the Treasurer or other officer or association authorized to act under this notice on advice of acceptance of offer, or as follows:—One-third on or before the 20th; one-third on or before the 25th; and the balance, including the premium and original two per cent deposit, on or before the 30th of June. Interest to the 1st of July on the several deposits will be paid in coin on the 30th of June, and interest on bonds will begin July 1, 1864.

Offers under this notice should be endorsed "Offer for Loan," and addressed to the Secretary of the Treasury. The right to decline all offers not considered advantageous is reserved to the government.

S. P. CHASE,
Secretary of the Treasury.

ÆTNA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW York.—At an election for Directors of this Company held on Monday 6th inst., the following gentlemen were elected for the ensuing year:—

| | |
|---|---|
| JACOB BROUWER, | P. L. FOULKE, |
| RUSSELL STEBBINS, | G. C. SATTERLEE, |
| M. L. MARSH, | JOSEPH JAMISON, |
| WM. WHEELWRIGHT, | JOHN D. WARD, |
| JAMES THOMPSON, | CHARLES H. CLAYTON, |
| THEOPHILUS ANTHONY, | FRANCIS A. THOMPSON, |
| GEORGE S. SATTERLEE, | LIVINGSTON SATTERLEE, |
| NEHEMIAH KNIGHT, | JOHN J. M. McLAREN, |
| T. C. CHARDAVOYNE, | NEILSON RUNYON, |
| JOHN H. TALMAN, | EDWARD GOTHOUT, |

ROBERT H. BERDELL.
H. C. BEACH, Secretary.

New York, June 6, 1864.

INTERNATIONAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK.

Office, 113 Broadway.

CASH CAPITAL, ONE MILLION DOLLARS.

The International Fire Insurance Company, having a cash capital of $1,000,000, all paid in and securely invested, is now prepared to insure every kind of property, including ships in port and their cargoes, against loss or damage by fire, on the most favorable terms.

WILLIAM R. WARREN, President.
HAMILTON BRUCE, Vice President.
GEORGE W. SAVAGE, Secretary.

MONEY TO LOAN ON MORTGAGE.—$16,000, IN one or two sums, on improved real estate, in New York city or vicinity, at six per cent interest. Address, with full particulars, G. O., box 1,519 Post office, or call at 42 Broadway, on VINCENT, GARDNER & CO.

MINING STOCKS—AS WELL AS ALL OTHER KINDS of securities bought and sold at all the Stock Boards in New York, Boston, Philadelphia, &c., or otherwise on commission, by ALBERT H. NICOLAY, No. 52 William st.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS OF THE PITTSBURG, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway Company.—The undersigned commissioners, authorized to sell thirty-five thousand new shares of the capital stock of said company, by joint vote of the shareholders and bondholders, for the purpose of constructing a double track, procuring additional equipment, &c., now propose to sell thirteen thousand shares of the same as follows:—

They propose to issue to the shareholders, who stand registered as such on the books of the company at 2 o'clock P. M. of the 10th of this month, one share for each five shares then standing in their name at the par value of $100 for each share.

Books of subscription will be opened at the office of Winslow, Lanier & Co., 52 Wall street, on the 11th June and kept open until the 20th June, at 3 P. M., where each shareholder can call and subscribe, or signify his wishes by letter, addressed to J. F. D. Lanier, Chairman. The new shares thus subscribed for will bear dividend from the 1st July proximo.

Payments will be required as follows:—One fourth on the 21st June, on notification of acceptance; one fourth on the 15th July; one fourth on the 15th August, and one fourth on the 15th September.

Transferable stock scrip will be issued, redeemable in full share certificates on final payment of the instalments.

Non compliance with any of the conditions of this subscription subjects to forfeiture any payments made thereon.

This stock is mainly to pay for iron rails, rolling stock, &c., already advantageously purchased. The high price of labor, and the great difficulty of procuring the same, and the enhanced rates for all materials, in the opinion of the chief engineer and the chief executive officers of the company, render it altogether improbable that any further amount of the stock will be offered during the present year.

If a further amount can be economically expended in increasing the capacities of the line this year, the company will probably have other means to meet the same.

The commissioners reserve the right to extend the time of subscribing to non-resident shareholders who may desire to avail themselves of the benefits of this notice, on such terms and conditions as the commissioners may impose.

The commissioners also reserve the right to dispose of, at their discretion, for the benefit of the company, any of the shares not taken by shareholders under this notice.

J. F. D. LANIER,
S. J. TILDEN,
J. EDGAR THOMSON,
SPRINGER HARBAUGH,
L. H. MEYER,
Commissioners.

New York, June 1, 1864.

OFFICE OF THE MARIPOSA COMPANY, 34 WALL street.—Notice is hereby given that at the drawing this day had of twenty-five Bonds of this company for redemption out of the sinking fund, the following were drawn, viz:—Nos. 13, 53, 63, 83, 88, 93, 99, 124, 168, 216, 231, 424, 451, 494, 594, 637, 772, 816, 891, 1,063, 1,187, 1,325, 1,357, 1,354, 1,489, and that the same will be paid in gold on the 1st day of July next, on presentation at the office of the company. Bonds must be presented for payment within two days after the 1st day of July next, under penalty of forfeiture of the right of redemption under this drawing.

New York, June 6, 1864. JOHN WATT, Secretary.

SOUTHERN BANK NOTES WANTED.—VIRGINIA, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Tennessee, Kentucky and New Orleans bank notes, by MANNING & DE FOREST, Bankers and Brokers, 10 Wall street.

THE INTEREST DUE ON THE BONDS OF THE NEW York and New Haven Railroad Company, June 1, 1864, will be paid on presentation and surrender of the coupons at the office of the company, corner of Fourth avenue and Twenty-seventh street, or at the Bank of the Republic.

W. BEMENT, Treasurer.

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY.—NOTICE is hereby given to the Subscribers to the Capital Stock of the Union Pacific Railroad Company that a call for a further payment of ten per cent upon the amount of their subscriptions has been made this day, payable at the office of the Company, 13 William street, New York, on or before the 20th of June next.

By order of Executive Committee,
JOHN A. DIX, President.

JOHN J. CISCO, Treasurer,
NEW YORK, May 10, 1864.

10-40 LOAN.—THE CENTRAL NATIONAL BANK of the City of New York, having been designated a government depository, will now receive subscriptions to the 10-40 Loan, offering the best terms and facilities.

W. H. FOSTER, Cashier. HENRY A. SMYTHE, President.

$3,500 WANTED—ON PERSONAL PROPERTY. Ample security. Also $1,200 on bond and mortgage. Title and security perfect. Apply to HENRY J. DAVID, Counsellor at Law, 111 Nassau street. Boy wanted.

$10,000 IN SUMS TO SUIT APPLICANTS, TO loan on bond and mortgage at 6 per cent. HAYES & KANE, Counsellors, 169 Broadway, corner Cortlandt street.

$300,000.—THIS AMOUNT TO LOAN, AT SIX per cent, for a term of years, on New York city property. In sums to suit applicants. JOSEPH MASON, No. 5½ Pine street, rooms 10 and 11.

## NEW PUBLICATIONS.

JUST PUBLISHED—THE LITTLE JOKER, FULL OF Wit and Humor. Sent in sealed envelope on receipt of five cents, or with an exquisite Photograph for 25 cents, by F. G. WATSON, Publisher, N. Y.

LETTER OF ADVICE FOR LADIES. FIVE ANATOMICAL ENGRAVINGS. Has information never before published. Sent free, in a sealed envelope, for 10 cents. Address Dr. Sanford, box 4,652 New York Post office.

NEW BOOKS, NEW SUBJECTS IN CARTES DE Visite, Stereoscopic Views, and Sporting Goods of every description. Trade supplied. Send for catalogue to D. J. GOMPERTS, Purchasing Agency, 73 Nassau st., N. Y.

PHYSIOGNOMY, PHRENOLOGY, PHYSIOLOGY, ETHnology and Psychology are given, with illustrations, in the PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL. June No. by first post, 15 cents; or the six Nos., from January to June, only 75 cents. In future the price will be $2 a year, and 20 cents a No. FOWLER & WELLS, 389 Broadway, N. Y.

THE STRANGER'S CONFIDENTIAL GUIDE IN NEW York.—Materials to this strictly confidential guide solicited, especially from up town. Gentlemen sending information will be sent a guide free of cost. Address Henry Harrison, box 143 Herald office.

THE THEOLOGICAL WRITINGS OF EMANUEL SWEDENBORG, disclosing the mysteries of HEAVEN AND HELL and the spiritual sense of THE HOLY BIBLE. For sale at room 20 Cooper Institute.

## NEWSPAPERS.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, EVERY NUMBER OF THE NEW York Herald (Sundays included), from the 1st of June, 1860, to the 1st of June, 1864, all in perfect order, and neatly folded in monthly bundles. Address H. Y., box 156 Herald office.

## THE LECTURE SEASON.

IMPORTANT LECTURES DAILY, FOR GENTLEMEN only, at the New York Museum of Anatomy, 618 Broadway. Parties unable to attend these lectures can have them forwarded on receipt of ten cents by addressing Secretary of New York Museum of Anatomy.

## CLOTHING.

A SURE PLACE.—AT 253 SIXTH AVENUE LADIES and gentlemen will find the fair and honest dealer, B. MINTZ, to whom they can dispose of their Cast Off Clothing, Carpets, Furniture and Jewelry, at 50 per cent more than by other dealers in the city. I promise to pay the following prices:—Silk Dresses, from $5 to $45; Coats, $4 to $18; Pants $2 to $7. Also for Woollen, Delaine and Muslin Dresses the highest cash price will be paid. A call or a note by post will be punctually attended to. Ladies attended to by Mrs. Mintz. Remember the original B. Mintz and the number, 253 Sixth avenue, near Eighteenth street. Orders from Brooklyn and Jersey City punctually attended to.

ATTENTION.—AT 222 SEVENTH AVENUE, NEAR Twenty-fifth street. Ladies and gentlemen, I have the pleasure to announce again that I have received a large order from California and the Western markets to pay the highest prices for ladies' and gentlemen's Wearing Apparel, Carpets, Furniture, Jewelry, &c., by paying 50 per cent more than any other dealer in the city. We guarantee to pay for ladies' Silk Dresses from $5 to $40; Woollen, from $3 to $10; also Calico, Delaine, Muslin, &c. Gentlemen's Coats, from $5 to $20; Pants, from $2 to $7, &c. Ladies and gentlemen, don't forget the right number, M. MARKS, 222 Seventh avenue, near Twenty-fifth street. By calling on or addressing me you will be dealt with honestly. Orders will be attended to from Brooklyn, New Jersey, Hoboken, Staten Island, &c. Ladies punctually attended to by Mrs. Marks.

ATTENTION.—AT 212 SEVENTH AVENUE, H. ROSENBERG, the California and Western agency store, received large orders to purchase $75,000 worth of Cast Off Clothing. These orders must be fulfilled in a very short time. Ladies and gentlemen, I wish you would take particular notice and look over your wardrobes, and see if you have any clothing you do not need. For your satisfaction I will mention some of the prices. Silk dresses, from $6 to $50; coats, from $5 to $25; pants, from $3 to $7; also, woollen and muslin dresses, carpets, furniture, jewelry, &c., by calling or addressing H. ROSENBERG, 212 Seventh avenue. Ladies attended to by Mrs. Rosenberg, in and out of the city.

A POSITIVE FACT.—H. HARRIS, OF 164 SEVENTH avenue, takes this opportunity to announce to the community that he has advanced 40 per cent on the usual prices for cast off Wearing Apparel, Carpets, Furniture, Jewelry, Diamonds, &c. As he has a great demand for those articles for the New Orleans market, ladies and gentlemen having any of the same to dispose of cannot fail by calling on or addressing H. Harris, 164 Seventh avenue, near Twenty-second street, where you can depend upon receiving a higher price than elsewhere in the city. We guarantee to pay the utmost value for each article and not humbugging as practised by a good many other high offerers, and then trembling to get them for half the value. Ladies waited upon by Mrs. H. Harris at their own residences, in and out of the city.

ATTENTION.—AT THE NEW STORE, 114 THIRD avenue, ladies and gentlemen are guaranteed to receive the highest prices for each article of cast off Wearing Apparel, Furniture, Carpets, &c., for the Southern and Western markets. Please remember, and try C. MISH, 114 Third avenue, near Fourteenth street. Ladies attended to by Mrs. Mish. Orders from Brooklyn and vicinity attended to.

ATTENTION!—M. KONINSKY, 253 SEVENTH AVEnue, pays the very highest prices for ladies' and gentlemen's Cast Off Clothing, Carpets, &c., as our large orders from the West compel us to pay higher than elsewhere. Please call on or address a note to M. KONINSKY, 253 Seventh avenue. Ladies attended to by Mrs. Koninsky. Orders from all adjoining cities promptly attended to.

A GREAT DEMAND FOR CLOTHING.—LADIES AND gentlemen having any Cast Off Clothing, Furniture, Carpets and Jewelry, will receive the highest prices by calling on or addressing A. HARRIS, 551 Third avenue, between Thirty-eighth and Thirty-ninth streets. Ladies attended to by Mrs. Harris.

AT THE NEW STORE, 86 CARMINE STREET.—LAdies and gentlemen can receive 50 per cent more for Cast Off Clothing, Furniture, Carpets and Jewelry by calling on or addressing H. HART, at the above number, will be punctually attended to. Ladies attended to by Mrs. Hart.

AT 136 SEVENTH AVENUE, BETWEEN NINEteenth and Twentieth streets. Ladies and gentlemen will receive the highest price for their Cast Off Clothing, Carpets, Furniture, &c., by calling on or addressing E. MILLER. Ladies attended by Mrs. Miller.

A GREAT DEMAND FOR CLOTHING.—LADIES AND gentlemen having any Cast Off Clothing, Furniture, Carpets, and Jewelry, will receive the highest prices by calling on or addressing H. COHN, 240 Seventh avenue, next the drug store. Ladies attended to by Mrs. Cohn.

AT 137 SIXTH AVENUE.—LADIES AND GENTLEmen, if you wish to receive the highest price for your Cast Off Clothing, Carpets, Furniture, &c., the best you can do is to call on or send a note to E. MINTZ, at No. 137 Sixth avenue, two doors from Tenth street. Ladies attended by Mrs. Mintz. Trust, you will be dealt with to your satisfaction and benefit.

CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE CLOTHING. 512 Broadway, Clothing store. G. LEVIE.

| | |
|---|---|
| Business Coats, English and other styles | $3 to 15 |
| Black Frock Coats, fine | 5 to 20 |
| Alpaca and Linen Coats | 2 to 6 |
| Cassimere Pants and Vest to match | 6 to 16 |
| Satinet and Linen Pants | 2 to 5 |
| Vests, a variety | 1 to 6 |

L. CASHBERG PAYS THE HIGHEST PRICE FOR ladies' and gentlemen's Cast Off Clothing. Parties waited upon by addressing L. Cashberg, 48 East Twelfth street, near Broadway. Ladies waited upon by Mrs. C.

## MEDICAL.

AFFLICTED RESTORED!—IGNORANCE EXPOSED!—Fallacies Unmasked!—Highly important to both sexes, married or single, in health or disease.—Dr. LARMONT'S Paris, London and New York Medical Adviser and Marriage Guide (56th edition, 400 pages, 101 illustrations), upon Debility, Urinary Affections Bladder and Kidneys, the author's unequalled Paris and London treatment, &c. All should purchase this work of E. WARNER, No. 1 Vesey street, for $1, or consult the Doctor, 173 Broadway, up stairs, New York, from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M. "We concur with other papers in recommending Dr. Larmont and his work."—Courrier des Etats Unis, German die Reform, Dispatch, Staats Zeitung, Atlas, Medical Review, &c.

ADVICE TO MARRIED LADIES.—MADAME RESTELL, Female Physician and Professor of Midwifery, can be consulted as usual at 162 Chambers street. But one interview will be necessary. No charge for advice. Her infallible medicines can also be obtained at 127½ Liberty street...

## SALES AT AUCTION.

ALVAN C. BAKER & CO., AUCTIONEERS.
A. HAYWOOD, Auctioneer.
Magnificent Household Furniture,
Pianofortes, Drawing Room Furniture, en suite;
Brocade and Lace Curtains, Velvet Carpets,
Paintings, Statuary, Bronzes, and
Many rare and costly Works of Art and Articles of Virtu,
AT PUBLIC AUCTION,
ON THIS DAY (WEDNESDAY), JUNE 8,
at the elegant residence ... West Sixteenth street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues, sale commencing at 11 o'clock.

The auctioneer would call the particular attention of his friends and the public to this sale, the catalogue comprising the largest and richest assortment of Household Furniture and Works of Art offered at auction this season.

Sale peremptory. Drawing Rooms—Superb Suits, covered with brocatel of richest description; brocatel Curtains to match; Etageres, Bookcases, Centre Tables, Console Tables, Chandeliers, Mandolin, Paintings, by eminent artists; Engravings, Cabinets, Bronze and Ormolu Clocks, Bath's Statuary, rosewood Pianoforte, richest instrument offered at auction this season; four round corners, full seven octave; Stool, Cover, Music Stand, Hat Stand, Buffet, Extension Table, Cut Glassware, Dinner Sets, Silver Casters, Urns, Spoons, Knives, Tureen, Salvers, Oyster Dish, Arm chairs, Lounges, rosewood and walnut Bureaus, Bedsteads, Armoire a Glace, Mattresses, Bedding, Carpets, Sofas, Rockers, Bookstands, Feather Beds, Blankets, Sheets, Counterpanes; also all the furniture of servants' apartments. Parties wishing to attend this sale can take the Fifth or Sixth avenue cars or stages from Astor House, St. Nicholas or Metropolitan Hotels, leaving at Sixteenth street, a few doors from the house.

A. JOURNEAY, AUCTIONEER—OFFICE NO. 8 PINE street.—Auction sale of beautiful Property at Chatsworth, Westchester county, N. Y.—A. JOURNEAY will sell on Thursday, June 23, at 12 o'clock M., at the Exchange Salesroom, 111 Broadway, 100 acres of Land at Chatsworth. This valuable property, formerly owned by P. H. Munroe, Esq., and Hon. J. Roosevelt, situated between New Rochelle and Mamaroneck, on the line of the New Haven Railroad, will be offered for sale in plots of three to ten acres or more. It has several miles of road laid out, well worked, a depot built, at which the trains will stop when business warrants. Its close proximity to the city (being only twenty miles from City Hall, with the New Haven Railroad running through it), and the numerous commanding building sites, with a view of the Long Island Sound and the Palisades, make it a desirable investment for parties wishing to get a choice location and have control of surrounding improvements. Maps and further particulars at the office of the auctioneer, A. JOURNEAY, No. 8 Pine street.

ANTHONY J. BLEECKER, AUCTIONEER,
will sell at public auction,
ON THURSDAY, JUNE 9, at 12 M.,
At the CITY HALL, in the city of Brooklyn,
The Delaplaine Property, situated in South Brooklyn, consisting of UPWARDS OF 1,000 LOTS, with a WATER FRONT OF 1,200 FEET. Sale peremptory.

For maps and particulars inquire of A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO., 77 Cedar street, N. Y.; WINCHESTER BRITTON, Esq., Referee, No. 9 Court street, Brooklyn; or MILLER & GUFFIN, 160 Fulton street, N. Y.

## SALES AT AUCTION.

LARGE AND PEREMPTORY SALE OF SILK MACHINERY, TOOLS, &c.
E. H. OGDEN will sell, by auction, without reserve, by order of Gurney & Co., on Tuesday, June 14, at 10½ o'clock, on the premises, the whole of the Machinery, adapted for the manufacture of silk trimmings, curtains, &c., at their factory, 156 Bank street, Newark, N. J., consisting of Power and Engine Looms, single Hand Looms, Warping Frames, Winding Engines, Twisting Mills, 134 Braiding Machines (round, square and flat), with Tables and Driving Gear, Filling and Gimp Wheels, Jacks, Gimp Machines, &c., together with a full assortment of Tools and Implements used in the trade. Also a lot of Cotton and Mohair, Fixtures, Stoves, Shafting, Pulleys, Belting, Lathe, Vice, Benches, &c.

Catalogues can be obtained of the auctioneer, 227 Broad street, Newark, or of GURNEY & CO., 31 Church street, New York. Terms—Under $100, cash; over $100, approved endorsed notes, at ninety days.

MORRIS WILKINS, AUCTIONEER.
Genteel HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, CARPETS, &c.
E. H. LUDLOW & Co. will sell at auction on Thursday, June 9, 1864, at eleven o'clock, at No. 31 Abingdon square (Eighth avenue), between Bleecker and West Twelfth streets, all the Furniture contained in said house, consisting in part of rosewood and mahogany Sofas, Arm Chairs and Rockers, in haircloth; Centre and fancy Tables, Bed Lounges, mahogany and walnut French Bedsteads, Dressing Bureaus, Washstands, Enamelled Bedroom Suits, Palliasses, Husk and Hair Mattresses, Bolsters and Pillows, Blankets, Quilts, Sheets, walnut Extension Table, Dining Chairs, Mirrors, China and Glassware, Velvet and Brussels Carpets, Oilcloths, &c. &c., together with the Kitchen Utensils. Catalogues at the auctioneer's office, No. 3 Pine street.

P. C. BULKLEY, AUCTIONEER—WILL SELL, ON Tuesday, June 14, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange salesroom, 111 Broadway, the elegant country residence, owned and occupied by the late Samuel P. Ayres, situated at New Rochelle, Westchester, ¼ of a mile from the depot. The house is about 38x42, with large extension, is handsomely situated and finely shaded. There are a very fine garden, gardener's house, carriage house and stable, and 10 acres of fine land. Also four Lots, southwest corner of 133d street and Fifth avenue. For maps, &c., apply to the auctioneer, 43 Wall street, Jauncey court.

PAWNBROKER'S SALE OF WATCHES AND JEWELRY.—JOHN MORTIMER will sell this day, at 15 East Broadway, 400 lots of Gold and Silver Watches, Jewelry, Plated Ware, Opera Glasses, Guns, Pistols, Carpenter's Tools and other valuable articles, well worthy the attention of the trade. The sale will commence with Tools, at 11 o'clock precisely. By order of Abraham Goodman, 31 Centre street.

S. HERMAN & CO., AUCTIONEERS, SELL THURSDAY, June 9, at 10½ o'clock, at 13 Bowery, foreclosure sale of 48 packages Liquors, &c., viz:—Brandies, Gin, Rum, Bourbon and other Whiskies, Port, Sherry and Claret Wines, Champagne and Segars; also 38 boxes Soap, Tea, Coffee and other Groceries.
SAM. HIRSCH, Attorney for plaintiff.

S. HERMAN & CO., AUCTIONEERS, SELL THURSDAY, June 9, at 10 o'clock, at the salesroom 13 Bowery, ...

## SHIPPING.

STEAM WEEKLY TO LIVERPOOL—TOUCHING AT Queenstown (Cork harbor). The Liverpool, New York and Philadelphia Steamship Company intend despatching their full powered Clyde built iron steamships as follows:—

ETNA ........ Saturday, June 11
EDINBURG ........ Saturday, June 18
CITY OF WASHINGTON ........ Saturday, June 25

and every succeeding Saturday, at noon, from pier 44, North river.

RATES OF PASSAGE.
Payable in gold or its equivalent in currency.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| FIRST CABIN | $81 | STEERAGE | $30 |
| Do. to London | 85 | Do. to London | 34 |
| Do. to Paris | 95 | Do. to Paris | 40 |
| Do. to Hamburg | 90 | Do. to Hamburg | 37 |

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Bremen, Rotterdam, Antwerp, &c., at equally low rates.

From Liverpool or Queenstown—First Cabin, $75, $85, $105. Steerage, $35. Those who wish to send for their friends can buy tickets here at these rates.

These steamers have superior accommodations for passengers, are strongly built in water tight iron sections and carry patent fire annihilators. Experienced Surgeons are attached to each steamer.

For further information apply in Liverpool to WILLIAM INMAN, agent, 22 Water street; in Glasgow, to ALEX. MALCOLM, No. 5 St. Enoch square; in Queenstown, to C. & W. D. SEYMOUR & CO.; in London, to EIVES & MACEY, 61 King William street; in Paris, to JULES DECOUE, 48 Rue Notre Dame des Victoires, Place de la Bourse; in Philadelphia, to JOHN G. DALE, 111 Walnut street, or at the company's offices.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, N. Y.

NOTICE.—THE STEAMER ATALANTA, CAPTAIN Wm. H. Pinkham, will leave pier 21 North river, Saturday, June 11, at 2 P. M., precisely, for London direct.
HOWLAND & ASPINWALL, Agents.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN
ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS
BETWEEN NEW YORK AND LIVERPOOL,
CALLING AT CORK HARBOR,
AND BETWEEN BOSTON AND LIVERPOOL,
CALLING AT HALIFAX AND CORK HARBOR.
ASIA leaves Boston Wednesday, June 8.
AUSTRALASIAN leaves New York Wednesday, June 15.
CHINA leaves Boston Wednesday, June 22.
SCOTIA leaves New York Wednesday, June 29.
AFRICA leaves Boston Wednesday, July 6.

FROM NEW YORK TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief cabin passage ........ $132 50
Second cabin passage ........ 80 00

FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief cabin passage ........ $112 50
Second cabin passage ........ 65 00

payable in gold or its equivalent in United States currency.

Berths not secured until paid for.
An experienced surgeon on board.
The owners of these ships will not be accountable for specie or valuables unless bills of lading having the value expressed are signed therefor.
For freight or passage apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling green.

[illegible]

## MILITARY AND NAVAL.

[illegible]

## AMUSEMENTS.

WINTER GARDEN.
The management has to announce that owing to the
ENTHUSIASM AND DELIGHT
with which
MR. AND MRS. W. J. FLORENCE
are nightly received in their present charming entertainment, by houses crowded with all that is
FASHIONABLE AND BRILLIANT
in New York, several novelties which have been for some time ready for production are necessarily postponed, and
TO-NIGHT AND EVERY NIGHT
will be presented Byron's burlesque of
FRA DIAVOLO,
Which is now drawing crowds as great as those that gathered to see the "Ticket of Leave Man," and has been pronounced by the leading journals
THE PERFECTION OF BURLESQUE.

Fra Diavolo, alias the Marquis di Centre Market ........ Mrs. W. J. FLORENCE
Beppo ........ Mr. W. J. FLORENCE

Supported by Messrs. Vining Bowers, A. H. Davenport, T. E. Morris, Eberle, Riley, Dennison, Mrs. Chanfrau and Mrs. Floyd.

MUSIC INCIDENTAL.
Opening Chorus, "Faust" ........ Lorenzo, Matteo and Carbineers
Descriptive Song and Chorus, "There's a Monster Who Lives" ........ Lorenzo and Chorus
Aria, "I'm in a Dreadful State of Mind" ........ Zerlina
Drinking Song, from Puritan's Daughter ........ Fra Diavolo
Duet, "On Yonder Rock Reclining" ........ Fra Diavolo and Zerlina
Song, "Ah Key Lar" ........ Giacomo
Song—"Gentle Zerlina" ........ Zerlina
Concerted Piece, "Hoopen De Dooden Do," ........ Zerlina, Diavolo, Beppo
Grand Chorus, "La Kermesse," Faust ........
Song, "Dark Girl dressed in blue" ........ Fra Diavolo
Song, "Let me kiss him Yankee Doodle" ........ Lorenzo
Finale—U. S. O. ........ Everybody

The performance will commence with
THRICE MARRIED.
Mrs. FLORENCE as ........ Carlotta, a Bal Masque Costumer
With Songs—"Captain with his Whiskers"
and "Young Recruit."
Mr. FLORENCE ........ as ........ VIVIAN RIPPLE

Doors open at 7¼; performance commences at 7¾.
Carriages may be ordered for half-past ten o'clock.
FRIDAY EVENING, June 10,
BENEFIT OF MRS. W. J. FLORENCE.
The box book is now open. Seats, Stalls and Boxes can be procured for that occasion.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
Commences precisely 7¾; concludes 10¾.
Lessee and Manager ........ Wm. Wheatley
THE SUMMER THEATRE OF THE CITY.
THE ILLUMINATED GARDEN OPEN EVERY EVENING.
WEDNESDAY, JUNE 8, AND EVERY NIGHT.
FOURTH WEEK,
and continued
SUCCESS
of the celebrated lyric artiste,
MLLE. VESTVALI,
AS ANGELO,
with the very popular songs, "You are the Star," (words by ...

[illegible]

## AMUSEMENTS.

[illegible]